WORLD ORDER

RULES OF THE GAME

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| COMPONENTS | 4 | Build Base (Military) | 12 |
|--------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|----|
| GAME SETUP | 6 | Get a Growth Card (Domestic) | 13 |
| HOW TO PLAY | 9 | Produce (Domestic) | 13 |
| PREPARATION PHASE | 9 | Placing Influence | 14 |
| Draw Cards | 9 | Resetting Temporary Influence | 14 |
| Reveal Country Cards | 9 | Drawing Cards | 14 |
| Determine Turn Order | 9 | Trashing Cards | 14 |
| Produce Primary Resources | 9 | Research | 15 |
| Choose Focus | 9 | AFTERMATH | 16 |
| ACTION PHASE | 10 | Return on Investments | 16 |
| Actions | 10 | Increase Prosperity | 16 |
| Improve Relations (Diplomatic) | 10 | Add Auto-Influence | 16 |
| Engage (Diplomatic) | 11 | Resolve THREAT | 16 |
| Trade (Economic) | 11 | Score Regions | 17 |
| Invest (Economic) | 12 | GAME END | 18 |
| Move Army (Military) | 12 | | |

CREDITS

Game Design: Varnavas Timotheou, Vangelis Bagiartakis

Game Development: Panagiotis Zinoviadis

Additional Development & Lead Playtester: Dimitris Siakampenis

Head Illustrator: Miłosz Wojtasik

Contributing Illustrator: Angga Satriohadi (Gong Studios)

Graphic Design: Katerina Xerovasila

Academic Advisors: Dr. Zenonas Tziarras, Dr. Moritz S. Graefrath, Dr. Chris Oates, Dr Russell Foster, Dr. Connor Judge, Dr. Igor Logvienko, Emmanuel Pietrobon

Playtesters: Gál József, Pásztor Balázs and Kicktester Team, Theodoros Mavraganis, Thanasis Boros, Stefanos Spanoudakis, Konstantinos Karagiannis, George Avgouleas, Vasilis Zitros, Lefteris Giraleas, Constantis Lavrentiadis, Charalampos Zinoviadis, Spyros Gkiouzepas Special thanks to Joe Pilkus and Justin Buckingham for their feedback with the rulebook.

"Ordis" name based on suggestions by Thodoris Mavraganis, Joseph Johnson, Patryk Kuczyński and Victor Gallegos Melon



World Order Rulebook v. 0.5

This document contains the latest rules for the upcoming World Order board game. Note that, as the game is still in development, elements of those rules may change before the final production.

Copyright © 2024 Hegemonic Project Limited.

World Order is a trademark of Hegemonic Project Limited.

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or used in any manner, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any information storage or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of Hegemonic Project Limited, except as expressly permitted by law.

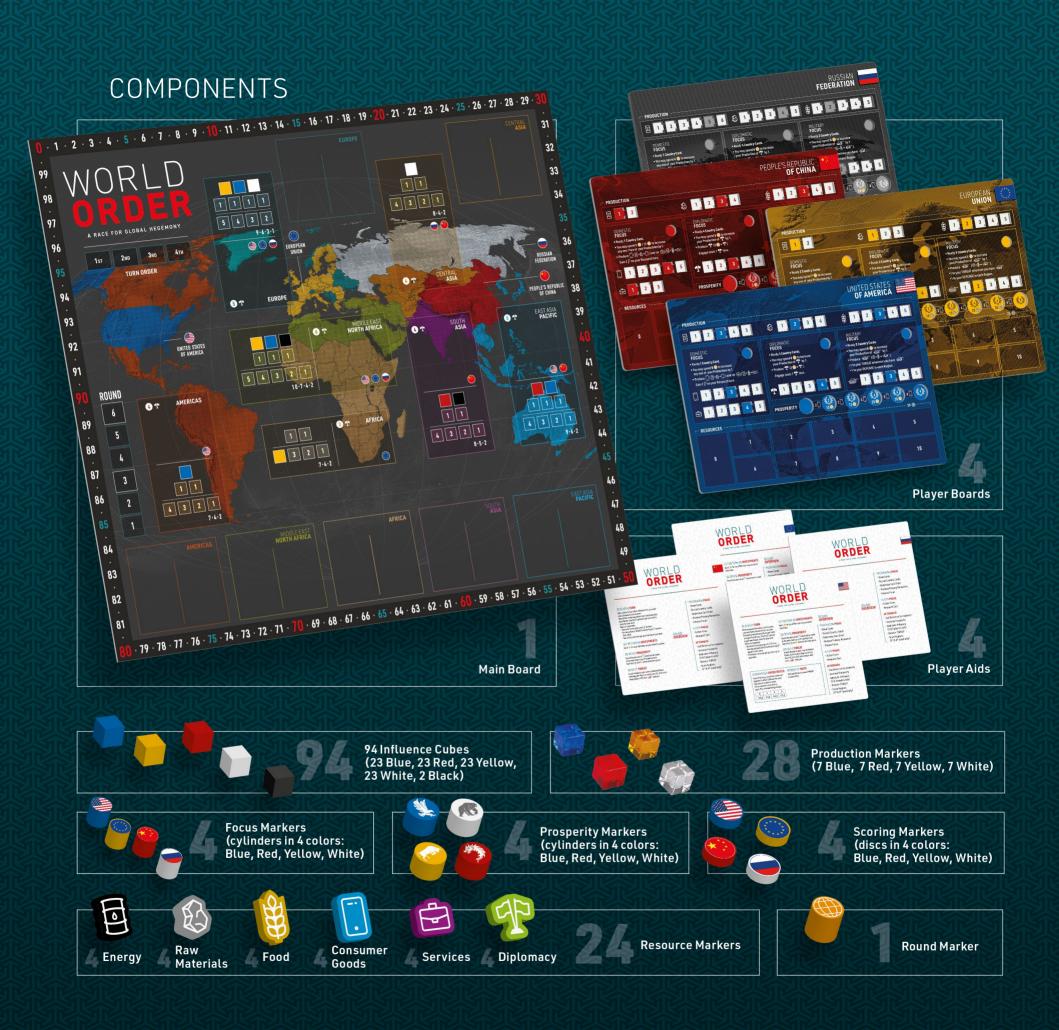




The year is 2010, and the world is drastically changing in front of our eyes. While the unrivaled influence of the United States is beginning to wane, other major powers are eagerly stepping onto the stage, ready to claim their piece of the geopolitical pie. In the East, Beijing is rising to become a global powerhouse. Simultaneously, Moscow is entangled in an intricate chess play with Washington, ready to counter its every move. And amidst these tumultuous waters, the European Union is trying to carve out its identity. The world undergoes a drastic shift while power is being redistributed on a global scale. But who will take the lead in this rapidly changing world order?

World Order is an area control board game for 2-4 players that lets you take control over one of four dominant global powers of the 2010s: the United States of America, the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, and the European Union. Utilize your diplomatic finesse, economic strength, and military might to expand your influence across the globe. Form alliances through sharp negotiation, entice other nations through clever economic dependencies, or become the military juggernaut no one dares to mess with. Join the race for a global hegemony and show the other powers that a new era is dawning!









- 1. Place the Main Board in the middle of the table.
- 2. Separate the **Map Country cards** by their Region. Shuffle each Region's cards separately and place them in a face-up deck, on the left side of the corresponding space on the board. Then, take the top Country card of each deck and place it to the right side, so that 2 cards are visible in each Region.
- **3.** Place in each Region, its starting **Influence cubes** (as indicated by the colors of the slots on the board) and the **Round marker** on the 1st space of the Round Track
- 4. Place the 3 Majority tokens on the board with the side corresponding to the number of players face-up (the side with the 3 numbers for 3+ players, the side with the single number for 2 players).
- Shuffle the Market Ability cards and place them in a facedown deck beneath the board. Reveal the first 6 cards and

place them in a row next to the Ability deck. These 6 cards will be collectively called the Market.

- 6. Separate all the **Growth cards** by name and place them in piles above the board, in numerical order. Note that not all of the piles have the same number of cards in them.
- 7. Make piles of the **coins**, **Base tokens** and **FDI tokens** and place them next to the board, where all players can reach them. These will be collectively called the Supply.
- 8. Have each player choose one of the available powers (USA, EU, Russia & China) and take its corresponding Player board, starting Ability cards, starting Country cards, Trade Deals card, Strategic Asset cards, Commerce cards, Production cubes, Influence cubes, Army tokens, Focus marker, Prosperity marker, Player Aid, starting money (shown above the resource track, on the right) and one of each Resource marker.







Note there is a restriction in games with 2 players when choosing powers: One player has to choose between USA and EU while the other player has to choose between Russia and China. In games with 3 players there is no restriction.

Then, each of you should perform the following:

- 9. Place your **Player board** in front of you.
- **10.** Put a **Production cube** on the starting Production space of each track (the colored square).
- **11.** Place your **Focus marker** in the Domestic Focus space.
- Place your Prosperity marker in the first space of the Prosperity track.
- 13. Place the 6 Resource markers on the Resource track, each one indicating a quantity equal to your starting Production, and the appropriate number of starting Army tokens on top

of your Player board (<u>not</u> on the Resource track). Keep your remaining Army tokens and your Influence cubes nearby.

- Place the 4 starting Country cards face-up above your Player board; they are your allied Countries.
- **15.** Place your **Trade Deals card** next to your Player board. Then, place your Commerce cards that correspond to the player count, next to your Trade Deals card.
- 16. Shuffle your starting Ability cards and form 2 piles of 6 cards at random. Look at the cards in each pile and choose one as your starting hand. Shuffle the other pile face-down and place it on your side. This will be your deck during the game. If this is your first game, see the Starting Hand box below instead.

Starting Hand: If this is the first time you are playing World Order, we suggest that you start with a fixed starting hand. Instead of drawing 6 cards at random, take the 6 Starting

Ability cards with a small arrow right before their name, as shown in the image. Place the remaining cards in a face-down pile as your deck.



- 17. Shuffle your 5 Strategic Asset cards and draw 3 of them at random. Choose 2 to keep and place them face-up beneath your Player board. Return the third one with the remaining ones back to the box, they won't be needed. Then, place your Scoring Marker on the space around the board that corresponds to the sum of the starting Victory Points (VP) listed on those 2 cards.
- **18.** Place your **starting money** in front of you, next to your Player board.
- **19.** Take the 4 **Turn Order tokens** and place them next to the Turn Order track on the board. If this is your first time playing, just place them randomly on the track. Otherwise, the player with the fewest starting VP on the board places their token in the space of their choice on the track. Continue doing this for all the players, in reverse VP order. In case of a tie, the player with the fewest starting money chooses first.

After everyone places their turn order marker, you are now ready to start the game.

If you are playing with 4 players, return the **Auto-Influence cards** to the box, they won't be needed. If playing with fewer than 4 players, shuffle the **Auto-Influence cards**, draw 2 of them and place them above the main board. For every power that is not taken by an actual player, place Influence cubes of their color next to their power's flag as well as Army tokens if indicated on the cards.



WORL

ORDER



HOW TO PLAY

The game plays over 6 rounds. Each round is divided into phases: **Preparation Phase, Action Phase** and **Aftermath**. Through your actions, you place Influence cubes in various Regions on the board which grant you VP. In addition, you gain VP based on who has the most Influence in each Region, during the game's 2 scoring intervals. At the end of the 6th round, the player with the most VP wins!

PREPARATION PHASE

This phase is skipped during the 1st round. If it's the first time you are reading the rules, it may be better to skip to the next phase and come back here after you've read what happens in the next phases and have a better understanding of how the game plays.

In the Preparation Phase you perform the following steps. Note that most of these steps can be performed simultaneously by the players to save time. If however, it is important for one or more players to see what the others are doing, use the regular turn order to perform them, with each step fully carried out by all before moving to the next one.

Draw Cards

Draw 6 cards from your deck. If at any moment there are no cards to draw from, shuffle your discard pile and form a new deck. Continue drawing cards from that one.

Reveal Country Cards

In each Region, take the top card of the left deck of Country Cards and move it to the top of the right deck. If you end up placing the last card from the left deck to the right, move the single deck you now have to the left side and place the top card to the right side.

Determine Turn Order

Slide the turn order markers slightly downwards. Then, the player with the fewest VP places their turn order token on the space of their choice on the track. Continue doing this for all the players in reverse VP order. In case of a tie, the player with the fewest money among those tied chooses first. If there is still a tie, the player between them with the fewest starting money chooses first.

Produce Primary Resources

Produce all 3 of your primary Resources (Energy, Raw Materials and Food). For each resource, gain as many of it as its Production cube indicates, moving the corresponding marker in the Resource Track accordingly. See the **Produce** action's section for additional details.

Choose Focus

Choose where you want to focus this round among the three available options: **Domestic Focus, Diplomatic Focus or Military Focus**. Move the Focus marker on your board accordingly and then perform the instructions listed there in order.

Some instructions allow you to increase a Production on your player board. If you choose to do so, spend the cost listed and move the corresponding Production marker one space forward. Note that if you increase the Production of a primary resource this way (Energy, Raw Materials or Food), immediately gain 1 of that resource.

If an instruction tells you to Produce a secondary resource (Consumer Goods, Services or Diplomacy), you may produce as many items of that resource as the number indicated by the Production cube. However, for each secondary resource item that you produce, you need to spend the corresponding requirements listed next to it. For example, for each Consumer Good () produced, you need to spend 1 Energy () and 1 Raw Material (). If your Production cube in the Consumer Goods track is in the 3rd space, it means you may produce up to 3 Consumer Goods, spending 3 Energy and 3 Raw Materials for that.

Commerce Cards: Whenever you produce a resource that is listed on your Commerce cards, turn all those cards back face-up. They represent produced resources that have been allocated for use in Trade.

Note that the last instruction in each Focus section (without a bullet) is an ongoing ability that you do not perform at this moment

Note that the last instruction in each Focus section (without a bullet) is an ongoing ability that you do not perform at this moment but applies during the whole round. In the first round, all players start with Domestic Focus and its ongoing ability applies as normal.



ACTION PHASE

This is the phase in which most of the game takes place. You play cards from your hand to affect the board and pursue your agenda. You then get to add new cards to your deck if you like.

This phase consists of 2 steps: **Actions step** and **Research step**. The first player in the Turn Order track goes first.

Actions

Choose one of the cards in your hand. Play that card in front of you and apply its effect. If you can't apply the full effect listed, apply as much as you can. The card then stays in front of you (do not put it in the discard pile).

Instead of playing a card and applying its effect (or if for any reason you are left without any cards in your hand), you may choose one of the following options:

- Play a Strategic Asset Card: Place an Ability card from your hand face-down in front of you (if able), and apply the effect of one of your available (face-up) Strategic Asset cards. Then, turn that card face-down.
- **Pass**: Place an Ability card from your hand face-down in front of you (if able), and gain 10 (9).

After you have performed your Action (either the card's effect or one of the other available options), your turn is over. The next player in the Turn Order track gets to play their turn. This goes on until you have all played 4 actions. As soon as that happens, you proceed to the **Research step**.

The Ability Cards in front of you serve as a reminder of how many actions you've taken so far in the round. If, due to an effect, you end up playing multiple cards within the same turn, place them on top of each other so that the number of "piles" in front of you remains equal to the number of turns you have taken so far. To save on space, you can have these "piles" slightly overlap one another, leaving only each card's color visible to remind you of what you played.

The Actions that the cards allow you to perform will belong in one of 4 categories, indicated also by the color on the card's side:



Below you can see a description of what each Action does. Note that some of those actions allow you to add Influence to a Region. See later on for more details on that.

🐞 Improve Relations (Diplomatic)

This Action allows you to improve your relations with other countries and form new allies. You can even use existing alliances to help establish new ones.

Choose an available Country card on the board (the top card in any Country card deck). Spend Diplomacy ($\uparrow \uparrow$) equal to the Country's value (the number in the hexagon on the top left corner: \bigcirc) and place it face-up in front of you. It is now considered an allied Country.

If you have other allied Countries of the same Region, you may exhaust them (turn them face-down) to lower the $\frac{1}{2}$ cost you need to spend. Each Country you exhaust, lowers the $\frac{1}{2}$ cost by an amount equal to its value (

Note there should always be 2 available Country cards in each Region. If, while Improving Relations, you took the last card from a deck, move the top card of the remaining deck to the empty space.

EXAMPLE: Kate, playing **China**, wants to **Improve Relations** with Australia which has a value of **3**. Normally, she would have to spend 3 **1** to do so. However, she decides to use her good relations with Singapore, another Country in the same Region, to her advantage. She exhausts Singapore's card and gets a discount of 2 **1**, equal to its value. Thus, **Kate** spends just 1 **1** and takes Australia in front of her.



If you Improve Relations with a Country you already have in front of you (one of your 4 starting allied Countries), place the new card face-up on top of the previous card, slightly upwards so that both cards' trade symbols are visible, and keeping any Base or FDI tokens it had. If the previous card is ready (face-up) when you do this, you also add 1 Influence to that Country's Region. From this point onwards, treat these as a single Country for all intents and purposes (with the top card's characteriptions – only the trade isone are least from the provious card



istics - only the trade icons are kept from the previous card).



Note that some Countries do not allow for some players to Improve Relations with them. If a Country card features a forbidding symbol over a player's flag (in the upper right corner), then that player cannot choose that Country for this action. The US, for example, cannot Improve Relations with Iran.



🐞 Engage (Diplomatic)

This Action allows you to cement your Influence in a region through your diplomatic ties.

Choose a Region on the board in which you have at least 1 allied Country. Spend the T cost listed next to that Region's name and add 1 Influence to it. Then, place one of your **Engage tokens** on that Region. If you don't have any available, you may move one of your tokens already on the board.

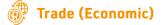
Similarly to Improve Relations, you may exhaust allied Countries of the same Region (turn them face-down) to lower the $\uparrow cost$ you need to spend. Each card you exhaust, lowers the $\uparrow cost$ by an amount equal to its value (

Remember that if you have Diplomatic Focus, Engage costs 1 the less.



EXAMPLE: Anna plays the **European Union** and wants to **Engage** in **Middle East - North Africa**. She looks at the Region on the board and sees that the cost to Engage is 6 \clubsuit . This is more than what she can spend but luckily for her, she has Jordan and Qatar among her allied Countries. She decides to exhaust their cards to get a discount. Their values are 1 and 2 so she gets a total discount of 3 \clubsuit . She then spends the remaining 3 \clubsuit and adds one of her Influence to the Region, along with one of her Engage tokens.





This Action allows you to trade with other countries and generate income or get access to resources that you can't produce yourself in a sufficient quantity.

Whenever you perform this Action, you can perform a number of Export (selling) and Import (buying) transactions. The exact number of transactions of each type you can perform is listed on your Trade Deals card, being either 2 or 3. To perform an **Export** transaction, choose a resource and count the number of times its symbol appears on your allied Countries (regardless if they are ready or exhausted), in the large section at the bottom of their cards. You may sell that many copies of that resource.

To perform an **Import** transaction, choose a resource and count the number of times its symbol appears on the small section of your allied Countries (with an arrow pointing towards you) and on your Trade Deals card (getting it from the other players). You may buy that many copies of that resource.



Note that each resource can only be used in one transaction - you may not Export or Import the same resource twice nor can you Export a resource and then Import it within the same Trade Action.

The cost of the resources you Export or Import can be seen in the following table:

| | | B | ◆ | | ÷ | |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|----------|------|------|------|
| EXPORT GAIN (amount you gain) | 5 🔞 | 5 🔞 | 5 🔞 | 15 🔞 | 15 🔞 | 20 🔞 |
| IMPORT COST (amount you pay) | 3 😨 | 3 😨 | 3 😨 | 10 😨 | 10 😨 | - |

When Importing, in order to buy from another player, the player must have that resource available for you. If the player has a Commerce card showing that resource, turn that card face-down and gain the listed resource(s), giving the corresponding amount to that player. If that player does not have a face-up Commerce card with that resource, then you can only buy it if they have it available on their board, in which case they reduce their quantity accordingly. In both cases, the other player cannot deny you the transaction. If a player does not have any of that resource on their board, and has no faceup Commerce cards, you cannot buy it from them.

Whenever you Import, if you end up buying from one or more other players, also gain 1 1 (regardless of the amount of resources or how many players you bought from). Note that in 2 or 3-player games, you may still buy frompowers not controlled by an actual player. In these cases the resources you want to buy are always available, however, you don't gain any 1. Also, when buying or from Russia who lists 3 copies of each resource on its Commerce cards, you need to buy 3 items of that resource to gain the 1.

EXAMPLE: Jim plays **Russia** and is about to perform a **Trade** action. He looks at the icons on his allied Countries and decides he will Export Energy ((()) and Raw Materials (()).



EXAMPLE: (continued) There are 5 i icons on the left side of his allied Countries and 2 k icons meaning he can sell up to 5 Energy and 2 Raw Materials (whether the cards are exhausted or ready, plays no role in this). **Jim** decides to Export 4 Energy and 2 Raw Materials for 5 each, moving the markers on his player board accordingly, for a total of 30 .



Then, **Jim** looks at what he will Import. He cannot Import Energy or Raw Materials since he just Exported them so he decides to Import Services (🖻). Out of his Country cards, only India offers 🖻. However, **Jim** can also Import from the other players. He decides to

get a total of 2 , one from India and one from **Anna** (**EU**). He pays 10 (a) to the Supply and gives another 10 (b) to Anna, who turns one of her Commerce cards face-down. Then, he moves his marker 2 spaces forward. Since he traded with another player, he also gains 1 , moving that marker 1 space forward.



💮 Invest (Economic)

This Action allows you to finance large-scale projects in foreign countries. Such projects do not only bring you long term financial gains, they also help you establish a foothold in the region.

Choose a ready allied Country in front of you. Spend the amount of money listed on the top of the card (right beneath its value) and exhaust it (turn it face-down). Then, place a Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) token above the Country as a reminder and add 1 Influence to that Country's Region.

Note that, unless stated otherwise, you can only Invest once in each Country.

EXAMPLE: Kate (China) wants to Invest in **Pakistan**, one of her allied Countries. It's a (2) Country so the cost to invest in it is 15 (9). She spends the amount, exhausts the card and places a FDI token on top of it. Then, she adds 1 Influence to South Asia.



Move Army (Military)

This Action allows you to move your army around the world, tipping the balance to your favor.

Choose one of your Army tokens (either from your Player board or anywhere on the main board) and move it to a Region in your zone of Interest (showing your flag in a small circle) or where you have a Military Base (see **Build Base** below). You then spend 5 (9).

EXAMPLE: Jim (Russia) wants to put some pressure on the other players so he decides to use the **Military Reinforcements** card which allows him to Move 2 Armies. He takes one of the armies on his board and places it in **Europe**. Then, he takes an army of his in **Central Asia** and moves it to **East Asia**. He can make the move in **Europe** because it is in his zone of interest, featuring Russia's flag on the board. **East Asia**, on the other hand, is not in his zone of interest but he has built a Military Base in **Vietnam**, a country of that Region, which allows him to send armies there too. Finally, he pays the cost for these moves - a total of 10 (9), 5 for each army moved.



🞚 Build Base (Military)

This Action allows you to build a military base on foreign soil, ensuring a permanent military presence of yours in the region.

Choose a ready allied Country in front of you with a Military Base



() symbol. Starting Countries that allow you to build a base on them feature that symbol on its own. Map Country Cards must feature your flag next to that symbol, for you to be able to perform the action there. Exhaust the Country card, place a Military Base token above it as a reminder, and move an amount of Army tokens up to that Country's value (minimum of 1) from your Player board to that Country's Region. Spend a total of 5 () for the Base and 5 () for each Army token used, and then add 1 Influence to that Country's Region (regardless of the amount of Army tokens sent).

Note that if you don't have any Army tokens on your board, or the money required to pay the cost required, you cannot perform this action.

EXAMPLE: Alex, who plays the **United States of America**, has 3 Armies on his board and wants to build a Military Base in **Turkey**, one of his allied Countries that allows him to do so. He starts by exhausting the Country card and placing a Military Base token on top of it. **Turkey** has a value of (3) which means he can send all three of his Armies with the base, if he likes. He decides to send only 2 Armies and keep the remaining one. He moves 2 of his Army tokens to the **Middle East - North Africa** Region (in which Turkey belongs) and spends a total of 15 (9) (5 for the base and 10 for the 2 Armies). Finally, he adds 1 of his Influence to the Region.



🛗 Get a Growth Card (Domestic)

This Action allows you to tackle the inner workings of your Country, improving the way things work and leading to a more efficient form of governance.

Choose one of the available Growth cards, pay its cost and place the card in front of you, next to your Player board. Then, gain the VP listed on the card. The first time you get a Growth card you need to take a Level 1 card. Then, each time you perform the Action, you must choose a Growth card that is exactly 1 level higher than the previous one you got.

These cards usually provide you with an ongoing ability that you can make use of for the rest of the game. Note also that the number of each available Growth card is limited and may be less than the number of players. After all copies of a card are taken, that particular ability is no longer available to other players.

EXAMPLE: Anna (EU) just played the **Growth Strategy** card that allows her to get a Growth card. She already has a Level 1 and a Level 2 Growth card so she must take a Level 3 card this time. There are 2 different cards available, **Tactical Flexibility** and **Diplomatic Opening**. She decides to go for the first



one so she pays its cost, 3 - and 15 (9), and takes the card in front of her. She also gains 7 + a is listed on the card.

Note that she took the last available copy of Tactical Flexibility. If another player goes for a Level 3 Growth card, they will have to get Diplomatic Opening.

💼 Produce (Domestic)

Managing your country's productions and getting much needed resources is vital in your pursuit of global hegemony.

When an effect instructs you to Produce one or more resources, you may choose any of the 7 available resources. If you choose a primary resource to produce (, , , or), you gain as many items as your Production indicates. If you choose a secondary resource to produce (, , , , , , , ,), you gain up to the quantity your Production allows, spending the necessary requirements for each resource produced.

Note that when you produce multiple resources within the same action, you may choose any combination between primary and secondary resources. You are also allowed to use primary resources just produced in that action as the requirements for any secondary resources you also want to produce.

Remember that whenever you produce a resource that is listed on your Commerce cards, you also turn all those cards back faceup. They represent additional produced resources that have been allocated for use in Trade.

EXAMPLE: Alex (USA) also plays the **Growth Strategy** card but chooses the second option on the card, to Produce 3 Resources. He mainly wants to get Services () but even though he has a lot of Energy (), he only has 1 Food () which is the other requirement. Thus, for his first resource he chooses Food and produces 3 items of it, as his Food Production marker indicates. For the second resource he chooses Services and he spends the 4 Food he now has along with 4 Energy, to produce a total of 4 Services. Finally, for the third resource he chooses Diplomacy ().

He has a Diplomacy Production of 4 but decides to Produce only 3 items. He spends 9 (9) (3 (9) for each Diplomacy), and moves the Diplomacy marker on his board 3 spaces forward.



WORLD ORDER When producing , if you run out of tokens in your color, use any available items as an equivalent - they are supposed to be unlimited. For all the other resources that use the Resource Track, if you ever end up having more than 10 of them, leave the marker on the 10th space - for each resource you would get beyond the 10th, gain money instead, equal to its Import cost (3 (3) for a primary resource and 10 (3) for a secondary resource).

Placing Influence

Each region contains slots where Influence can be placed, with each slot indicating the amount of VP you immediately gain when doing so. There are 2 types of such slots: permanent ones and temporary ones. Whenever you add Influence to a Region, for any reason, you can choose which of the available slots to use.

The slots above the line are permanent Influence slots. Whenever you place Influence in one of those slots, the Influence placed will remain there until the end of the game. However, their number is limited and if they all become filled, unless an effect instructs you otherwise, you may no longer place any of your cubes there.

The slots beneath the line are temporary Influence slots. Whenever you place Influence in one of those slots, it has to go to the first available slot on the left and the VP you'll gain will most likely be higher. However, when all those slots are filled and new Influence needs to be added, the left-most Influence is removed and the remaining cubes all move one space to the left. The new cube is then added to the right-most slot but you don't gain any immediate points.

Some effects allow you to convert a temporary Influence to a permanent one. When that happens, move the temporary Influence cube above the line. If there is an available permanent slot, place it there (without gaining any points). Otherwise, place it next to all the existing permanent Influence. Then, move all the temporary Influence on the right of the one that was converted, one space to the left (again, without anyone gaining any points due to this move).

Note that, when majorities are checked in each Region (see *Score Regions*), all Influence cubes count in determining who has the most (regardless if they are in temporary or permanent slots). However, for a Region to score, **it needs to have all the permanent Influence slots covered**. If it doesn't, the Region won't score any points at all.

EXAMPLE:

1. Jim (Russia) just built a Military base in **Syria** so he gets to add 1 Influence in **Middle East - North Africa**.



EXAMPLE: (continued)

2. All of the slots are available so he decides to place his Influence in the first temporary slot, gaining 5 **1**

3. Alex (US) plays after him and Invests in Saudi Arabia which also gives him 1 Influence in the Region. He chooses to place it in one of the permanent slots, gaining just 1 for now but ensuring his cube will stay there for the rest of the game.

4. Much later in the game, **Anna** (**EU**) decides to Engage in the Region, adding another Influence there.

5. By that point, all the slots (both permanent and temporary) have been filled. Thus, she can only place her cube in the right-most slot, pushing all the other cubes in temporary slots one space to the left.



10-7-4-

10-7-4

She doesn't gain any immediate $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ at this time but at least she got to push one of Jim's Influence cubes out of the Region.

Resetting Temporary Influence

Some effects allow you to Reset your temporary Influence. When that happens, remove one of your temporary Influence in a Region, push all the Influence cubes that were to its right one space to the left, and place back your Influence in the first available temporary slot. You do not gain any if when you do so but you get to "protect" your cube this way from being pushed off the region by moving it farther to the right. Note that if there isn't any other Influence to the right of your cube, Reset has no effect on it.

Drawing Cards

If any effect instructs you to draw cards during the Action phase and there are no longer any cards in your deck, shuffle the cards in the discard pile (but not the cards in front of you that you have played this round) and form a new deck to draw from.

Trashing Cards

When you Trash a card, return it back to the box or set it aside. It will no longer be used.



Research

After you have all played 4 turns, the Actions step is over. You are now given the opportunity to Research new cards, that is to add new cards to your deck.

First of all, place all the Ability cards in front of you in your discard pile. Then, reveal the remaining cards in your hand. In the beginning, there will be 2 cards left but some effects in the game may later change that number. For each revealed card, gain the upper Bonus item listed on it (usually (9), T or T) and then add the total amount of Research () shown on all the revealed cards (the lower Bonus item). You can use that Research to add new cards in your deck from the Market.

Market Ability cards list their cost in Research next to their name. To get a new card, spend as much as it costs from the Research you just gained. You can also gain additional Research by exhausting allied Country cards. Every Country card exhausted for this, will provide you with Research equal to its value (\bigcirc). Note that any unspent Research is lost, it doesn't carry over to the next round.

If you don't like the available cards in the Market, there is a way to change them: You may spend 1 [RESEARCH] and discard the right-most card. You may do this as many times as you wish.

Whenever a card is discarded from the Market and whenever you get a new card for your deck, move the cards on the left of where it was one space to the right, and immediately reveal a new card to the left-most available position. You may get as many new cards as you have Research for, with each such card placed immediately on top of your deck. Discard your revealed cards afterwards.

Remember that if you have Domestic Focus, you gain 2 additional Research during this step.

In 3-player games, after everyone has finished getting new cards, discard the right-most card in the Market, move all remaining cards one space to the right and reveal a new card to the left-most space. In 2-player games, discard the 2 right-most cards instead.

You then move to the next phase.

EXAMPLE: Everyone finished their actions and **Kate** (**China**) just got into the Research step. She starts by revealing the cards in her hand. She has a **Growth Strategy** and a **Foreign Trade**.

She checks the Bonuses on those 2 cards and sees that she gets 5 (9) which she takes from the Supply. The cards also give her 4 P that she can use to get new cards from the Market. However, she has Domestic Focus which provides her with an additional 2 P for a total of 6 P.



She takes a look at the available cards and decides she wants to take **Explore Alternatives**, costing 5 \mathcal{P} . She places that card on top of her deck and slides the remaining cards to its left, one slot to the right, revealing also a new card, **Convincing Arguments**.



Kate realizes that the card that was just revealed will fit very well in her deck so she wants to get that one too. However, it costs 4 \mathscr{P} and she only has 1 \mathscr{P} remaining to spend. To cover the remaining amount, she will use her allied Countries. She decides to exhaust Singapore ($\langle 2 \rangle$) and Tajikistan ($\langle 1 \rangle$) for a total of 3 \mathscr{P} , enough to reach the 4 she needs to get the Convincing Arguments. She takes the new card and places that one too on top of her deck, revealing a new card for the Market.

AFTERMATH

In this phase, you deal with the consequences of your actions. Your investments pay off and your army presence has an effect on your opponents. This is also the phase in which scoring happens.

The Aftermath consists of the following steps:

Return on Investments

For every FDI token you have on an allied Country card, gain 2 0 multiplied by the card's value (\bigcirc).

You may then discard any Engage token(s) you have on the board. For each such token you discard from a Region, gain 5 [COINS] per allied Country card you have from that Region.

EXAMPLE: It's the Return on Investment step and **Anna (EU)** has 3 Country cards with an FDI token on them. Norway and Jordan both have a value of $\langle 1 \rangle$ so she gains 2 (1) from each of them. Turkey has a value of $\langle 3 \rangle$ so she gains 6 (1) from it. In total, she gains 10 (1) from her FDI tokens during this step.

She also has an Engage token in **Africa** which she decides to discard. Since she has 2 allied Countries from that Region (Nigeria and Djibouti), she gets 10 (9) by that.



Increase Prosperity

You may spend the amount of Consumer Goods (...) listed next to your Prosperity marker and move it to the next space. Immediately gain the VP and money listed on that space. You may only move a single space in the Prosperity track, even if you have enough Consumer Goods to move again.

Add Auto-Influence

If you are playing with 4 players, skip this step. Otherwise, take the Influence cubes from the 2 revealed Auto-Influence cards and place them to the Regions listed next to them. If any Army tokens are shown next to those Regions' names, place also Army tokens of the same color in those Regions.

When adding Influence in a region this way, if there is a permanent Influence slot available, place it in that slot. Otherwise, place it in the first available temporary slot.

Then, draw 2 new **Auto-Influence** cards. For every power that is not taken by an actual player, place Influence cubes of that power's color on the cards, next to their flags, as well as Army tokens if indicated on the same row. These cubes indicate where Influence will be added at the Aftermath of the next phase.

EXAMPLE: Alex and **Kate** are playing a 2-player game and use the Auto-Influence cards for **Russia** and the **European Union** which are not controlled by players. It is now the end of the 2nd round and they look at the Auto-Influence cards they had drawn the previous round.



They start by placing a yellow Influence cube (representing EU) in **Europe**, along with an Army token of the same color. They continue by placing a white Influence cube (representing Russia) in **Africa**. Then, they add another yellow Influence cube in **Middle East** - **North Africa** and a white Influence cube in **Europe**, accompanied by a Russian Army.

Resolve THREAT

During this step, each player checks to see the military presence of their opponents within their zone of interest. A player's zone of interest consists of all the Regions that feature their flag in a small circle. The number of each player's armies there is equal to their THREAT in that Region.

Each player checks the Regions in their zone of interest and loses 2 VP for every other player who has more Armies than them there.

Note that, if you have **Military Focus**, wherever you have Armies you get +1 to your THREAT. In Regions in your zone of interest where you don't have any Armies, you get +1 Defense: You ignore 1 of each other player's THREAT.



(continued) If you have an **Engage token** in a Region within your zone of interest, you may choose to discard it during this step. If you do, you gain, for this round,+1 Defense in that Region for each allied Country you have from that Region.

Also, USA and EU both have the **Member of NATO** special ability which allows them to ignore THREAT from each other.

EXAMPLE: It's time to check for THREAT and there are 3 players with Armies in Central Asia. **Kate (China)** has 2, **Jim (Russia)** has 1 and **Anna (EU)** also has 1. Since the Russian and the Chinese flags are the only ones shown in the Region, only Russia and China will check for THREAT here. **Jim** is tied with **Anna** so he doesn't lose any points from her. **Kate** however has more Armies than him. As a result, Russia loses 2 **()**. If **Anna** had 2 Armies in the same Region, there would be 2 players with more Armies than Russia and Jim would lose 4 **()** instead. **Kate** doesn't lose any **()** because there aren't any other players with more Armies than her.



Score Regions

This step takes place only in the 3rd and 6th rounds. In all other rounds you skip it entirely.

During scoring, only Regions that have all of their permanent Influence slots filled get to score. For each such Region, count each player's Influence cubes there - they all gain 1VP per Influence cube they have. Then, the player with the most Influence cubes, gains the majority bonus listed on the bottom right corner. The next player with the most Influence gains the second bonus and so on.

In case of a tie, the VP bonus goes to the player with the most in that Region. If there is still a tie, all tied players gain the bonus of the lowest position among them. For example, if 2 players are tied for most Influence cubes in a Region and have the same number of armies there, they both gain the VP corresponding to second place.

Note that 2 Regions start the game with black Influence cubes. These represent Influence by local powers in the Region. When determining majorities, they should be treated as belonging to another player, affecting ties as described above.

EXAMPLE 1: It's the end of the 3rd round and scoring takes place. Americas is checked but since the permanent slots are not all filled, no points are given at all.



EXAMPLE 2: It's the end of the game and players check **Middle East** - **North Africa**. Since all the permanent slots are filled, scoring takes place as normal. Note that through the use of a card's ability, **Alex** (**USA**) was able to add a permanent Influence even though there was no available slot.



Players start by counting their Influence in the Region, gaining 1 for each of their cubes. Alex scores 4 , Anna (EU) and Jim (Russia) score 3 , each, and Kate (China) scores 1 . They then check who has the majority. Alex has the most cubes (4) so he gets an additional 10 . Anna and Jim are tied with 3 Influence each so they look at their Armies. Since Jim has more (4 Armies compared to Anna's 1 Army), he takes the second place, gaining an additional 7 , with Anna getting the third place's 4 . Kate's single Influence is tied with the starting local Influence and since she doesn't have any Armies, she ends up in "fifth" place, not gaining any additional at all.

USA has an additional ability that applies during this step called **Superpower Overstretch**: In each scoring, count the number of Regions in which USA has the most Influence or is tied for most. If that number is less than 4, USA receives the corresponding penalty:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
|------|------|------|------|--|
| -8 🗶 | -6 🗶 | -4 🗶 | -2 📞 | |

Russia also has an ability that applies during this step, called **Secured Sphere of Influence**: In each scoring, for each Region in Russia's zone of interest where Russia has the most Armies or is tied for most, it gains 2 **\$**.



After all Regions are checked and VP are awarded, check the 3 majority tokens on the board. They also award VP to the players based on the majority in 3 key metrics:

- Most money
- Most Army tokens on the board. (Do not count Armies on player boards and ignore Armies of non-players in 2 or 3 player games)
- Most allied Countries

In case of a tie in these 3 majorities, all tied players gain the points of the lowest position among them.

Note that in 2-player games only the player who wins each majority scores points. The other player doesn't gain anything. Thus, if the 2 players are tied in one of the 3 metrics, no bonus is given.



GAME END

The player with the most VP at the end, is the winner. In case of a tie, the winner is the player among those tied who has the majority in the most Regions on the board. If there are still tied players, the player among them with the most Influence cubes in total is the winner. If there is still a tie, players share the victory.

