

LUDOVIC MAUBLANC

BRUNO CATHALA

# CYCLADES

LEGENDARY EDITION

Welcome to the Cyclades Archipelago, a place of legends where the ancient Gods watch the great factions compete for dominance.  
Play as one of these factions and build Metropolises as symbols of your supremacy.

2-6 Players  
90 minutes  
14+

## GOAL OF THE GAME

Demonstrate the superiority of your faction by being the first player to control 3 Metropolises at the end of a Cycle.

## COMPONENTS

### 1 Auction Board



- 1- Land Area
- 2- Sea Area

### 10 Archipelago tiles

- 3- Construction site
- 4- Priestess symbol
- 5- Prosperity icon



**100 Gold Pieces**  
(called GP in the following rules)

**20 Prosperity tokens**



**2 Battle dice**

**15 miniatures** (Creatures and Heroes)

**15 mercenary Troops**

**9 Hero cards**  
(9 miniatures)



**18 mythological Creature cards**  
(6 of which have miniatures)

**5 large double-sided God tiles**  
(face up side with Actions,  
face down side without Actions)



**40 basic Buildings**



Ports

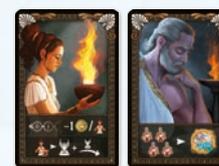
Fortresses



Temples

Universities

**20 Priestess cards**



**20 Philosopher cards**

**15 Metropolis tokens**

(5 different bonuses, 3 copies each,  
with a basic side and a bonus side)



**For each player**

**1x Offering pawn**

**8x basic Troops**

**1x Screen**

**8x Fleets**

**6x Control tokens**

**Note:** GP, Control and Prosperity tokens are not in limited number. If, during an Action, one of these materials is missing, you may replace it with a material of your choice.



Game elements are often referred to by their type and function, such as "Philosopher card" or "Building token". For convenience, when it is not confusing, only the function will be named. For example, "Draw 1 Philosopher" instead of "Draw 1 Philosopher card".

# SET UP

Place the Auction Board on the side of the table **1**.

Shuffle the 5 large God tiles and place them face up on the 5 slots above Apollo **2**.

- With 5 players, turn the last tile (closest to Apollo) face down.
- With 2 and 4 players, turn the last two tiles face down.
- With 3 players, turn the last three tiles face down.

Make a deck with the Creature cards and place it face down in its slot.

Reveal the first 4 cards of this deck and place them on the free spaces on the Creature track **3**.

Make a deck with Hero cards and place it face down on its own slot. Reveal the first 2 cards of this deck and place them on the free spaces on the Hero track **4**.

Place the Philosopher and Priestess cards in their respective slots on the Auction Board **5**.

Place on the side of the board **6**:

- ◆ the mythological Creatures and Heroes miniatures
- ◆ the Gold Pieces
- ◆ basic Building tokens
- ◆ A stack of bonus face-down Metropolis tokens

Take 2 Archipelago tiles at random from each player present and assemble them as you wish in the center of the table **7**.

Thus, each game takes place on a different playing surface, with its own specificities.

Each player places their Control tokens, basic Troops and Fleets in front of their Screen, and receives 5 GP which they hide behind their Screen **8**.

Take the Offering pawns from the players present and place them randomly on the Turn order track slots of the Auction Board **9**.

On each of these Areas, the player places a Control token of their own color. If an Area contains the Priestess icon, they immediately draw a Priestess card, then places a Fleet on an empty Sea Area that is adjacent to the Land Area they just selected.

## 2<sup>nd</sup> round of placement:

In the reverse order of the Turn order track, each player:

- Selects a third unoccupied Land Area: they place a Control token on it and places a Fleet on an adjacent empty Sea Area.

*Note: this third Land Area may be on an Island where the player is already present.*

- Each player then takes 3 basic Troops, and distributes them as they wish over the 3 Land Areas they control. The Control tokens for Land Areas with Troops on them are then removed. Land Areas that have no Troops remain under the control of the player who placed the Control token there, until an opponent conquers them.

The first Cycle may now begin.



## PLACEMENT for 3 to 5 players

The game begins with 2 rounds of placement.

### 1<sup>st</sup> round of placement:

In turn order of the Turn order track, each player selects two unoccupied Land Areas, on two different Islands.



# OVERVIEW

The game is divided into Cycles. Each Cycle has the following Phases:

- 1- Cycle Initialization
- 2- Income
- 3- Offerings
- 4- Maintenance Costs
- 5- Actions
- 6- End of Cycle

## 1- Cycle Initialization

### - Heroes

If Heroes were recruited in the previous Cycle, fill in the empty spaces by revealing new cards from the Hero Deck.

### - Creatures

If there is one, discard the Creature placed on the 2 GP slot face down.

If a Creature card is placed on the 2 GP slot, discard it face down.

Then move the other Creatures down to fill all the least expensive slots. Finally, fill the remaining slots by revealing new cards from the mythological Creature Deck.

### - Gods

The order in which the gods grant their Actions changes at the beginning of each Cycle.

Depending on the number of players, not all of the Gods will be available every time. Apollo is always available (and will always be played last).

For the first Cycle, the Gods are placed in random order at set-up.

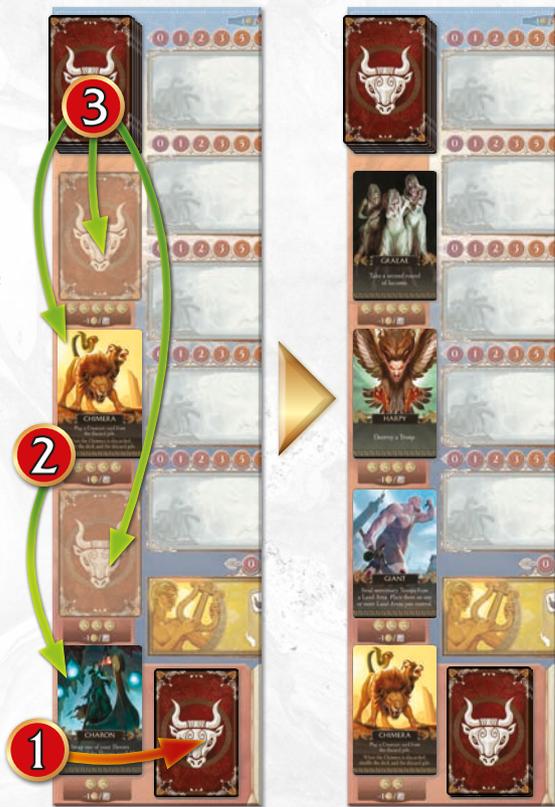
Thereafter, at the beginning of each Cycle, remove the first God from the Auction board (the one furthest from Apollo) and slide all the others up one notch. Then replace the God that was removed in the last position (closest to Apollo).

Be careful: depending on the number of players, there must always be the same number of Gods on the face-down side. With less than 6 players, turn the God you moved to the bottom slot face down and turn the highest of the face-down Gods face up.

### Example - CYCLE INITIALIZATION

In the previous Cycle, a player used the Creature placed on the 3 GP slot. The track must now be updated for the start of the new Cycle:

- 1 - Charon is discarded
- 2 - The Chimera slides to the 2 GP slot
- 3 - The 3 GP, 4 GP and 5 GP slots are filled with the first Creature cards from the Creature Deck.



### Example - GOD CYCLE - 4 players

At the beginning of a new Cycle:

- 1 - Zeus in first position is removed from the Auction board.
- 2 - All the Gods move up one slot.
- 3 - Athena is flipped face up.
- 4 - Zeus is placed in last position above Apollo and flipped face down.



## 2-Income

Each player receives 1 GP for each Prosperity token and icon present in the Land and Sea Areas they control.

The GP are kept hidden behind each player's Screen.

## 3-Offerings

To earn the favor of the Gods and the Actions associated with them, players must sacrifice some of their wealth (GP).

In the order indicated by the Offering pawn on the Auction board's Turn order track, each player chooses a God and places their Offering pawn on the numbered space corresponding to the Offering the player wishes to make for that God.

### A God only grants favors to one player!

If a player makes an Offering to a God who has already been selected by another player:

- they must make a higher Offering than the current player.
- the player who made the previous Offering takes back their Offering pawn and must IMMEDIATELY bid on ANOTHER God.

*Note 1: It is possible that the player who was kicked out may in turn kick out a player who is already bidding on another God. All cases must be resolved before the next player on the Turn order track may place their Offering Pawn.*

*Note 2: If a player is kicked out from the second God chosen, they may return to the first God they chose and bid on it.*

*Note 3: The player who makes an Offering to Apollo cannot be kicked out.*

The Offering phase is over when each player has placed their Offering pawn on a different God.

Now it's time to pay the Offerings:

Each player pays the number of GP they have offered to their God, taking into account any discounts for Priestess cards in his possession. (see below)

**Important:** Even if the number of GP each player has is kept secret behind the screens, it is forbidden to make an Offering that you would not be able to pay. The Gods would be VERY angry!

If a player is unable to pay their Offering, they must pay a fine of half of their GP, rounded down, and all players start a new Offering Phase.

## 4- Maintenance Costs

Players who control mythological Creatures may keep them by discarding one Priestess card for each Creature they wish to keep. During this payment, it is possible to move each Creature to a valid adjacent Zone (of the type indicated by its card, and which does not contain another Creature, see page 10).

### Example - OFFERINGS - 3 players

At the start of a new Cycle:

1 - The purple player places his Offering pawn on Zeus' 3 GP space.

2 - The yellow player would like to build a Temple during this Cycle and decides to outbid the purple player by placing her Offering pawn on the 5 GP space.



3 - The purple player is kicked out and must immediately bid on another God. He decides to position himself on the 1 GP of Ares hoping that the blue player will come and kick him out.

4 - The blue player absolutely needs to Recruit and move her Troops, so she kicks the purple player out by placing her Offering pawn on Ares' 7 GP space.



5 - The purple player must then immediately move and chooses to outbid the yellow player on Zeus' 7 GP space, as expected, thus kicking the yellow player out.

6 - The yellow player does not wish to overbid in this Cycle and moves to Apollo's unique and free space.

The Bidding phase is over.



## 5-Actions

It is now time to activate the Gods, in the order determined at the beginning of the Cycle.

The player who has won the Offerings on the first God (farthest from Apollo) will perform the Actions specific to this God:

- They **MUST FIRST** perform the **MANDATORY** free actions of that God
- **THEN**, in any order they choose, they **MAY** perform the **OPTIONAL** paid Actions of this God, paying the associated costs. It is possible to alternate actions.

When the player has completed all of these actions, they place their Offering pawn on the last available Turn order track slot on the Auction board.

### Example - TURN ORDER - 3 players

**1** - The purple player goes first: once he has completed his actions, he places his Offering pawn on spot 3.

**2** - The next player (blue) places hers on spot 2, the yellow player on spot 1.

The yellow player, who played Appollo during this Cycle, will make the first Offering in the next Cycle.



The Actions available for the various Gods are described on the following pages.

## GODS



### 1 Free mandatory Actions

#### - Build a UNIVERSITY

Place the basic Building on an empty construction site in one of the Land Area you control.

*Note: a construction site is a location in a Land Area where you can build basic Buildings and Metropolises.*



If no construction site is available, you may choose to forgo this building, or remove one of your basic Buildings to build the University in its place.

**University Effect:** No effect, but it is one of the 4 basic Buildings you will need to build a Metropolis.

**Metropolis:** As soon as you have a Port + a Fortress + a Temple + a University, remove them and build a Metropolis (see specific paragraph).

#### - Recruit a Philosopher

Take a Philosopher card and place it in front of your Screen.

**Effect of Philosophers:** As soon as you recruit your 4th Philosopher, discard the 4 cards and build a Metropolis! (See specific insert)

### 2 Optional paid Actions

#### - Recruit an additional Philosopher

You may recruit ONE additional Philosopher for 4 GP.

Take a Philosopher card and place it in front of your Screen.

#### - Buy Creatures (see page 11)

#### - Heroic Moves (see page 11)



## 1 Free mandatory Actions

### - Build a TEMPLE

Place the basic Building on an empty building site in one of the Land Area you control.

If no building site is available, you may choose to forgo this construction, or remove one of your basic Buildings to build the Temple in its place.

**Temple effect:** Each Temple gives a 1 GP reduction when buying any of the 4 available mythological Creatures on the Creature track (a Creature can thus be free). *Each Temple's reduction can only be used once per Cycle.*

**Metropolis:** As soon as you have a Port + a Fortress + a Temple + a University, build a Metropolis (see specific paragraph), remove them and build a Metropolis (see page 10).

### - Recruit a Priestess

Take a Priestess card and place it in front of your Screen.

**Effect of Priestesses:** Each Priestess you own gives you a reduction of 1 GP on the Offering to be paid at the beginning of the Cycle. (If your reduction is equal to or greater than the amount of your bid, you pay nothing). Also, during the Maintenance Costs Phase, you may discard 1 Priestess for each miniature Creature you wish to keep.

## 2 Optional paid Actions

### - Recruit an additional Priestess

You may recruit ONE additional Priestess for 4 GP.

Take a Priestess card and place it in front of your Screen.

### - Play the first Creature from the deck

Just once per Cycle, secretly learn about the first Creature in the Creature deck for free. You may pay 1 GP to play it. If you decide not to play it, put it back on top of the Creature deck face down.

*Reminder: The Temple's reduction doesn't apply to this action.*

### - Buy Creatures (see page 11)

### - Heroic Moves (see page 11)



## 1 Free mandatory Actions

### - Build a PORT

Place the basic Building on an empty building site in one of the Land Areas you control.

If no building site is available, you may choose to forgo this construction, or you may remove one of your basic Buildings and build the Port in its place.

**Port effect:** Force +1 au Combat pour vos Flottes dans la Zone Maritime voisine.

**Metropolis:** As soon as you have a Port + a Fortress + a Temple + a University, build a Metropolis (see specific paragraph), remove them and build a Metropolis (see page 10).

### - Recruit a Fleet

Place this Fleet in a Sea Area adjacent to a Land Area you control. This Sea Area must be empty or already controlled by your Fleets.

## 2 Optional paid Actions

### - Recruit additional Fleets

- The 1<sup>st</sup> Fleet costs 1 GP.
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> Fleet costs 2 GP.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> Fleet costs 3 GP.

You may not recruit more than 3 additional Fleets in the same Cycle.

You may place these Fleets in a Sea Area adjacent to a Land Area you control. This Sea Area must be empty or already controlled by your Fleets.

### - Moving Fleets

For 1 GP, you may perform a Sea Move (see below).

You may perform this Action more than once, as long as you pay 1 GP for each move.

### - Buy Creatures (see page 11)

### - Heroic Moves (see page 11)



## SEA MOVE

A Sea Move allows you to move one or more Fleets in the same Sea Area to an adjacent Sea Area.

You do not have to move all the Fleets present in the starting Area.

If the arrival Area is occupied by enemy Fleets, there is immediate SEA BATTLE.

An empty Sea Area is not controlled by anyone, even if it is empty following a move, or a Battle in which both parties are eliminated.

### Example - MOVE

#### Starting position

The black player decides to move his Fleets with the Poseidon Move Action to attack the yellow player.



#### 1<sup>ST</sup> move

By paying 1 GP, he moves 2 Fleets to join his 2 other Fleets on the adjacent Sea Area (the zone left is no longer controlled).



#### 2<sup>ND</sup> move

By paying another 1 GP, he moves 3 of his Fleets to the Yellow player's Sea Area, which immediately triggers a Sea Battle.



## SEA BATTLE

A Sea Battle takes place in successive rounds until one of the parties are eliminated or decides to retreat.

#### In each round:

1- Each party determines their Battle Strength:

- ▶ they roll a die
- ▶ they add a Strength of 1 for each of their Fleets engaged in battle.
- ▶ they add a Strength of 1 for each Port under their control that is touching the Battle Area.

2- The player with the lowest total Battle Strength loses the Round. They remove one of their Fleets and place it in their reserve in front of their Screen (in case of a tie, both players lose the Round, and each removes one Fleet).

3- If both parties still have Fleets remaining, the defender may choose to retreat to an adjacent Sea Area that is either free or which they control.

If the defender is unwilling or unable to retreat, the attacker may in turn choose to retreat.

If neither party chooses to retreat, a new Round begins immediately. Resume at step 1.

4- This continues until there is only one player left in the Battle Area. This player takes control of the Sea Area. If both players eliminate each other, the Zone is no longer controlled by anyone.

### Example - BATTLE

1- The Yellow player decides to attack Black player's Sea Area with 2 of their Fleets, using Poseidon's optional move action for 1 (GP).

The Battle starts immediately:

Yellow, with 2 Fleets and 1 of his Ports touching the Battle Area, rolls their Battle die and gets a 2. His total Strength is 5.

Black, with 1 Fleet and 1 of her Ports touching the Battle Area, rolls a 2. Her total Strength is 4.



2- Yellow wins the Round and Black must destroy her Fleet.





## 1 Free mandatory Actions

### - Build a FORTRESS

Place the basic Building on an empty building site in one of the Land Area you control.

If no building site is available, you may choose to forgo this construction, or remove one of your basic Buildings and build the Fortress in its place.

**Fortress effect:** Strength +1 to Battle in the Land Area where it is present.

**Metropolis:** As soon as you have a Port + a Fortress + a Temple + a University, build a Metropolis (see specific paragraph), remove them and build a Metropolis (see page 10).

### - Recruit a Troop

Place a basic Troop in a Land Area under your control.

## 2 Optional paid Actions

### - Recruit additional Troops

- The 1<sup>st</sup> Troop costs 2 GP.
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> Troop costs 3 GP.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> Troop costs 4 GP.

You may not recruit more than 3 additional basic Troops in the same turn.

You may place these basic Troops on Land Areas under your control.

### - Buy Creatures (see page 11)

### - Moving Troops and Heroes

For 1 GP, you may perform a Land Move.

You can do this multiple times, as long as you pay 1 GP for each move.

## There are two types of Troops

- basic Troops are the Troops of the player's color.
- mercenary Troops are gray Troops available to all players that you can recruit through Hera's Actions.

Dans la suite des règles, le simple mot «Troupe» désigne les deux types.

## LAND MOVE



A Land Move allows you to move one or more Troops and/or Mercenaries and/or Heroes from the same Land Area to an accessible Land Area.

**A Land Area is accessible if:**

- it is on the same Island and adjacent to the starting Area.
- it is on another Island and connected to the starting area by a chain of Fleets placed on one or more Sea Areas controlled by the player.

You do not have to move all the Troops in the starting area. But if you do, place a Control token of your own color there. This Land Area remains under your control as long as no opponent takes it.

If the destination area is occupied by enemy Troops and/or Mercenaries controlled by an enemy, a Land Battle immediately occurs.

If the destination Area contains only an enemy Control token (with no Troops, or Heroes), return the token to its owner and take control of the Area.

When you take control of an Area marked with a «Priestess» icon, you immediately draw a Priestess card.

**Warning:** It is forbidden to attack a player's last Land Area, unless this allows the attacking player to control the number of Metropolises needed to end the game.

At the end of this Cycle, the game ends, even if the attacking player loses one of the Metropolises that triggered the end of the game. The winner is the player who controls the most Metropolises (with a tie-breaker based on GP if necessary, see page 10).

## LAND BATTLE

A Battle takes place in successive Rounds until one of the parties is destroyed or decides to retreat.

**At each Round:**

1- Each party determines their Battle Strength:

- they roll a die.
- they add a Strength of 1 for each basic Troop, mercenary Troop and Heroes involved in the Battle.
- the defender adds a Strength of 1 for each Fortress in that Land Area.

2- The player with the lowest total Battle Strength loses the Round. They remove one of their Troops engaged in the Battle and place it in his reserve if it is a basic Troop or in the general reserve if it is a mercenary Troop.

The player may decide to remove one of their Heroes from the Battle, in which case the Hero card is discarded and the miniature is returned to its reserve next to the Auction board.

(In case of a tie, both players lose the Round, and each one removes a Troop or a committed Hero).

3- If the parties still have Troops and/or Heroes left, the defender may decide to retreat to an accessible Land Area that is either empty or under their control (i.e. without Troops or Control token or Heroes of another player).

If the defender is unwilling or unable to retreat, the attacker may in turn choose to retreat.

If neither player chooses to retreat, a new Round begins immediately. Resume at step 1.

4- This continues until there is only one player left in the Battle Area. This player takes control of the Land Area.



## 1 Free mandatory Actions

### - Build a basic BUILDING

Choose a basic building (Port, Fortress, Temple, University) that you do not already own, and place it on an empty construction site in one of the Land Areas you control.

If no construction site is available, you may choose to forgo this construction, or remove one of your basic Buildings and build this building in its place.

**Metropolis:** As soon as you have a Port + a Fortress + a Temple + a University, build a Metropolis (see specific paragraph), remove them and build a Metropolis (see page 10).

### - Recruit a mercenary Troop

Take a mercenary miniature from the general reserve and place it on one of the Land Areas you control.

**Mercenaries:** Mercenaries are considered to be Troops of your color. They move and fight, alone or with your other basic Troops, thanks to Ares or your Heroes.

If you control a Land Area solely with mercenary Troops, place a Control token of your color in that Area.

## 2 Optional paid Actions

### - Recruit additional mercenary Troops

- The 1<sup>st</sup> mercenary Troop costs 1 GP.
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> mercenary Troop costs 3 GP.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> mercenary Troop costs 5 GP.

Les Troupes mercenaires doivent être placées sur des Zones Terrestres que vous contrôlez.

### - Recruit a Hero

You can recruit ONE Hero for a cost of 4 GP (see specific paragraph).

### - Buy Creatures (see page 11)

### - Heroic Moves (see page 11)

## HEROES



When you recruit a Hero, place their miniature on a Land Area you control, and keep the card in front of you.

Each Hero is a unit with a Battle Strength of 1. It has two additional abilities:

**A Military Power:** this power is active only during each Battle in which he participates.

**A Sacrificial Power:** this most powerful power, that makes it easier to build Metropolises. If the condition is met, you can, at any time during your God's actions, sacrifice the Hero (he is removed from the game) and apply the effect.

### Important :

- A Hero cannot be sacrificed during the Cycle in which they are recruited.
- You cannot sacrifice a Hero if you have chosen Apollo.

The list of Heroes and their powers is in the Appendix.



The player who chooses Apollo will necessarily play last and has a much more limited choice of Actions. This player can neither buy mythological Creatures nor use their Heroes in any way.

Playing Apollo is technically the same as skipping a turn to save money... and being the first player to bid in the next round.

### The player who chooses Apollo

**Gains 2 Prosperity tokens**, one placed on a Land Area under his control and the other on a Sea Area under his control. He thus increases the Income of these two Zones by 1 PO for the following Cycles. One Zone can contain several Prosperity tokens.

**Gains 2 GP**



## 6- End of Cycle

Once all players have played and have placed their Offering pawn back on the Turn Order Track, the Cycle is over.

### **The game ends:**

- if one or more players control 3 or more Metropolises

AND/ OR

- if a player has been eliminated during this Cycle.

Otherwise, a new Cycle begins.

## END OF GAME

The winner is the player who controls the most Metropolises. In the event of a tie, the player with the most GP left behind his screen wins.

In the event of a further tie, victory is shared.



## METROPOLISES

A Metropolis is a super building that has the effects of every other basic Building.

There are 3 ways to build a Metropolis:

### **- Economic development**

As soon as a player has all 4 types of basic Buildings (Port + Fortress + Temple + University), wherever they are on the board, they immediately remove them (they are returned to the common reserve). The player takes a Metropolis token and places it on an empty construction site in a Land Area he controls.

### **- Cultural development**

As soon as a player has 4 Philosopher cards, they discard them and build a Metropolis. The player takes a Metropolis token and places it on a free construction site in a Land Area they control. If no construction site is free, he must destroy one of their basic Buildings and replace it with the Metropolis.

### **- Heroic Action**

Most Heroes have a sacrificial power, which allows the player, if the conditions are met, to sacrifice the Hero on their turn, and build a Metropolis.

The player takes a Metropolis token and places it on a free construction site in a Land Area they control. If no construction site is free, they must destroy one of their basic Buildings and replace it with the Metropolis.

When a player builds a Metropolis, they must take the first Metropolis token from the corresponding pile and turn on its bonus side to receive the associated bonus immediately.

There is a 4th way to get a Metropolis: conquer a Land Area that already has one!

In this case, the owner who loses the Metropolis immediately gets the Metropolis' bonus again. The player who has just conquered the Metropolis will only benefit from this bonus if he is expropriated later in the game.

**In this case, the owner who loses the Metropolis benefits once again, immediately, from the bonus of the Metropolis. The player who has just conquered this Metropolis will only benefit from this bonus if he himself is expropriated later in the game.**

## Metropolis Bonuses



### **Gain two Troops**

These basic Troops are placed on one or two Land Areas already under the player's control. (They do not have to be placed in the same Land Area where the Metropolis was built).



### **Gain a Prosperity token**

The player places it in a Land or Sea Area under their control.



### **Gain a Priestess**

The Player takes a Priestess card and places it in front of their Screen.



### **Gain 3 GP**

The player takes 3 GP from the reserve and places them behind their Screen



### **Gain two Fleets**

These Fleets must be placed in one or two Sea Areas already under the player's control. (They do not have to be adjacent to the Land Area where the Metropolis was built).



## MYTHOLOGICAL CREATURES

With the exception of Apollo, all Gods grant access to mythological Creatures:

By paying the cost listed below the card (2-5 GP, minus any Temple discounts), the player may take the corresponding Creature card and apply the indicated effect.

Most Creatures have immediate, one-time effects.

The powers of these Creatures must be used immediately (you can't save a creature to play later.) The card then goes into its discard pile.

If you cannot use the Creature's effect, it is immediately discarded without effect.

### ***Creature with miniatures***

Some Creatures have a miniature, which has effects on a Land or Sea Area on the board. Place the miniature in an Area of the type indicated on its card, whether you control it or not. This Area must not already contain a Creature.

That Creature remains under your control, with its effects, as long as you decide to pay its maintenance costs in Cycle Phase 4.

*Reminder: To keep a Creature, at the end of Phase 4 (Maintenance Cost), discard a Priestess card to keep a Creature under its control until the next Cycle. At that time, you may move that Creature to an adjacent Area of the type (Land or Sea) indicated on its card, and not already containing another Creature.*

If you don't pay the Maintenance Costs, the miniature is removed from the board and the card goes into the Creature discard pile.

**Note that you may not place a mythological Creature miniature in an area where a mythological Creature is already present.**

### Example

#### **PURCHASE**

1- The purple player buys the Kraken for 3 GP (the card is on the 5 GP slot, but the player benefits from a 2 GP reduction because he owns 2 Temples).



#### **PLACEMENT**

2- The purple player decides to place the Kraken on a Sea Area controlled by the yellow player. The 2 enemy Fleets are immediately destroyed and returned to their owner's reserve.



#### **MAINTENANCE & MOVEMENT**

3- In the next Cycle, during his Maintenance Cost phase, the purple player decides to keep the Kraken. He discards 1 Priestess card. Then he decides to move it to an adjacent Sea Area containing a black Fleet. This Fleet is immediately destroyed and returned to its owner's reserve.



## HEROIC MOVE

With the exception of Apollo, all Gods allow the use of Heroes to move Troops.

*Reminder: Heroes are recruited thanks to the specific power of HERA, for a cost of 4 GP. (see HERA).*

Each of your Heroes allows you to move Troops, without having earned the favors of Ares!

**Moving a Hero, and possibly accompanying Troops, costs :**

- 1 GP for his 1<sup>st</sup> Heroic Move
- 2 GP for the 2<sup>nd</sup> Heroic Move
- The Hero's 3<sup>rd</sup> Heroic Move would cost 3 GP, etc...

A Heroic Move is a movement from one Land Area to an immediately adjacent Land Area or one connected by a chain of Fleets belonging to the player.

When a Hero, alone or accompanied, enters an enemy Land Area, a LAND BATTLE begins. The Hero has a Battle Strength of 1. If the player controlling the Hero loses a Battle Round while accompanied by basic Troops or mercenary Troops, the player decides whether they lose a Troop or their Hero (see the Land Battle section).

**Clarification:**

- The Harpy cannot destroy a Hero
- The player who chose Apollo cannot move his Heroes or activate their sacrificial power.
- If you have obtained Ares' favor, there are no heroic moves; the Heroes move like any of your Troops.

### Example

#### **INITIAL POSITION**

After completing Athena's free Mandatory actions, the yellow player uses the heroic move action.

#### **1<sup>ST</sup> MOVE**

He pays 1 GP to move Penthesilea to a Land Area under his control to join three other of his troops.



#### **2<sup>ND</sup> MOVE**

He pays 2 GP to move Penthesilea and two of his Troops again (thanks to his Fleet, which connects the two Land Areas), to attack an adjacent enemy Land Area controlled by the purple player. A Land Battle begins immediately.



## SPECIFIC RULES

### Team play with 4 and 6 players

With 4 players, it is possible to play in teams. With 6 players, it is mandatory to play as a team.

In this game mode, the goal is to cooperate to build 3 Metropolises with the help of your teammate. For longer games, you can decide to play with 4 Metropolises.

Players on the same team play side by side so that they can communicate. Each player gets the material in their color, but the GP are shared! The team starts with 10 GP.

The players are free to manage their shared GP as they see fit. Both players must be careful not to bet more than they have in combined!

For 6-player team play, take the 10 Archipelago tiles and assemble them as you wish in the center of the table.

For 4-player team play, take 8 Archipelago tiles at random and assemble them as you wish in the center of the table.

During the first round of set-up, teammates may not place themselves on the same Island.

Thereafter, the game proceeds according to the normal rules. Each player manages their units individually, and the Priestess and Philosopher cards are not shared. You cannot build Metropolises (via cultural development) by combining all the Philosopher cards of one team.

In team play, you may move through the Land or Sea Areas belonging to your teammate by paying the associated costs, but you may not stop there. It is therefore impossible to fight your teammate.

Moreover, as soon as a player builds a building that enables his team to own 4 different basic Buildings, he must build a Metropolis with these 4 Buildings (regardless of which ones are under his control and which are under his partner's control).

As with basic play, the game ends when one team manages to build the required number of Metropolises at the end of a Cycle.

### Specific rules for 2 players

With 2 players, the rules are the same as in the 4-player team version.

For 2-player games, take 8 Archipelago tiles at random and assemble them as you wish in the center of the table.

Each player controls two factions and plays as described in the variant above.



# CREATURE DESCRIPTIONS



## Charon

Swap one of your Heroes with one of the available Heroes on the Hero track.

If the Hero track contains no Hero cards, you cannot use Charon's effect and the card is discarded without effect.



## Chimera

Play a Creature card from the Creature discard pile for free, then discard the Chimera (if the creature Discard Pile is empty, the Chimera is simply discarded).

When the Chimera arrives in the Discard Pile, whether it was played or discarded during Cycle Initialization because no one bought it, you must shuffle the Creature deck and the Creature Discard Pile together and then place the newly shuffled deck face down on its spot on the Auction Board.



## Cyclops

Exchange one of your basic Buildings for another basic Building from the reserve.



## Dryad

Steal a Priestess card from another player.



## Giant

Steal all mercenary Troops from one Land Area. Place them on one or more Land Areas you control.



## Griffin

Steal half the GP (rounded down) from another player.



## Harpy

Destroy a Troop in a Land Area. This can be a basic Troop or a mercenary Troop.

The Harpy cannot destroy a Hero.



## The Graeae

Repeat an Income Phase.

You receive 1 (GP) for each Prosperity token and icon present in the Land and Sea Areas you control at the time you use the Graeae card.



## Pegasus

Move all or part of your basic Troops and/or mercenaries and Heroes from one Land Area to another Land Area for free.

The starting and ending Areas can be anywhere on the board, they do not have to be adjacent or accessible to each other.



## Satyr

Steal 1 Philosopher card from another player.

If you get your 4th Philosopher by using this effect, discard them and immediately build a Metropolis on a free construction site under your control.



## Sphinx

Draw 3 Creature cards. Discard 2, and play the third for free.



## Sylph

Swap Fleets from two Sea Areas regardless of which players control them. The two Areas may be anywhere on the board; they do not have to be adjacent to each other.

Both Sea Areas must contain Fleets.



# CREATURE MINIATURE



## ■ Cerberus

*Place the miniature on a Land Area.*

In the Income phase, you earn the Income for that Area instead of the player who controls that Area.



## ■ Hydra

*Place the miniature in a Land Area or Sea Area.*

During the Income Phase, multiply the income of the Area occupied by the Hydra by 2.

If during the Income Phase the Area is controlled by an opponent, the income is still multiplied by 2 and goes to the opponent.



## ■ Kraken

*Place the miniature on a Sea Area.*

Destroy all Fleets in that Area.

If there are Fleets in the Sea Area in which the Kraken is placed or is moved to, they are destroyed (return the Fleets to their owner).

At the end of its movement in the Maintenance Cost Phase, the Kraken denies access to all Fleets (including yours) in the Sea Area it is placed in until it moves again.



## ■ Medusa

*Place the miniature on a Land Area.*

No basic Troops, mercenary Troops, or Heroes may enter or leave this Area (including those belonging to Medusa's owner).

*Note: Pegasus' effect and Perseus' sacrificial power cannot help Troops and Heroes escape the Area occupied by Medusa.*



## ■ Minotaur

*Place the miniature on a Land Area you control.*

Place the miniature on a Land Area you control.

The Minotaur is a unit with a Battle Strength of 2.

It may not retreat in Battle.

In case of a defeat in a Battle Round involving the Minotaur, the player who owns the Minotaur decides whether or not to destroy it.

If the Minotaur is their last unit, it must be destroyed.



## ■ Polyphemus

*Place the miniature on a Land Area.*

Adjacent Sea Areas are inaccessible. All Fleets present are moved to nearby Areas or destroyed.

No Fleet may occupy or move through these Sea Areas while Polyphemus is in an adjacent Land Area.

The player controlling Polyphemus moves the Fleets in the order and direction of their choice. Two Fleets of different colors may not occupy the same Area.

If a move is impossible, the Fleets are destroyed and returned to the owner's reserve.



# HERO DESCRIPTIONS

## Reminders:

- A Hero's military Power can only be used if the Hero is participating in Battle.
- A Hero's sacrificial Power cannot be triggered in the same Cycle as its acquisition.



## ● Ajax

- **Military Power:** Has a Battle Strength of 2.
- **Sacrificial Power:** If you control 7 Land Areas, build a Metropolis.



## ● Croesus

- **Military Power:** Pay 1GP to re-roll your Battle die as many times as you want. Each roll costs 1GP.
- **Sacrificial Power:** Spend 15 GP to build a Metropolis.



## ● Hector

- **Military Power:** When basic Troops or Mercenaries invade his Area, he destroys one of them, of his choosing, before the Battle.
- **Sacrificial Power:** Turn 2 of your Priestesses into 1 Philosopher. You can do this several times.



## ● Helen

- **Military Power:** When she fights, the result of her Battle die is always 2.
- **Sacrificial Power:** If you have 2 basic Buildings of one type and 2 basic Buildings of another type, build a Metropolis. Destroy the 4 basic Buildings and build a Metropolis on one of your available construction sites.



## ● Jason

- **Military Power:** He can use enemy Fleets as his own when making a Heroic Move. He cannot use enemy Fleets to retreat.
- **Sacrificial Power:** If you have all your 8 Fleets in play, build a Metropolis.



## ● Pandora

- **Military Power:** In her presence, enemy mercenary Troops automatically come under her control.
- **Sacrificial Power:** Use the sacrificial power of a Hero available on the Hero track. If the Hero track is empty, you cannot use her sacrificial power.



## ● Penthesilea

- **Military Power:** You win, in the event of a tie in Battle when you compare the total Strength of the parties.
- **Sacrificial Power:** When you build a Metropolis, place it on this card. The Metropolis cannot be attacked.



## ● Odysseus

- **Military Power:** Ignore the effect of enemy Fortresses during Battle.
- **Sacrificial Power:** If you have 3 basic Buildings of the same type, build a Metropolis. Destroy the 3 Buildings and build a Metropolis on one of your available construction sites.



## ● Perseus

- **Military Power:** Troops with Perseus that should be destroyed in Battle may retreat instead. Perseus cannot retreat if destroyed.
- **Sacrificial Power:** Move all or part of your Troops and Heroes from one Land Area to another Land Area. The starting and destination Areas can be anywhere on the board; they do not have to be adjacent or accessible to each other. Perseus may not move Troops and Heroes that are stuck in the Medusa's Area.



# CYCLADES

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