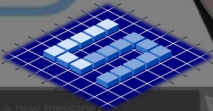


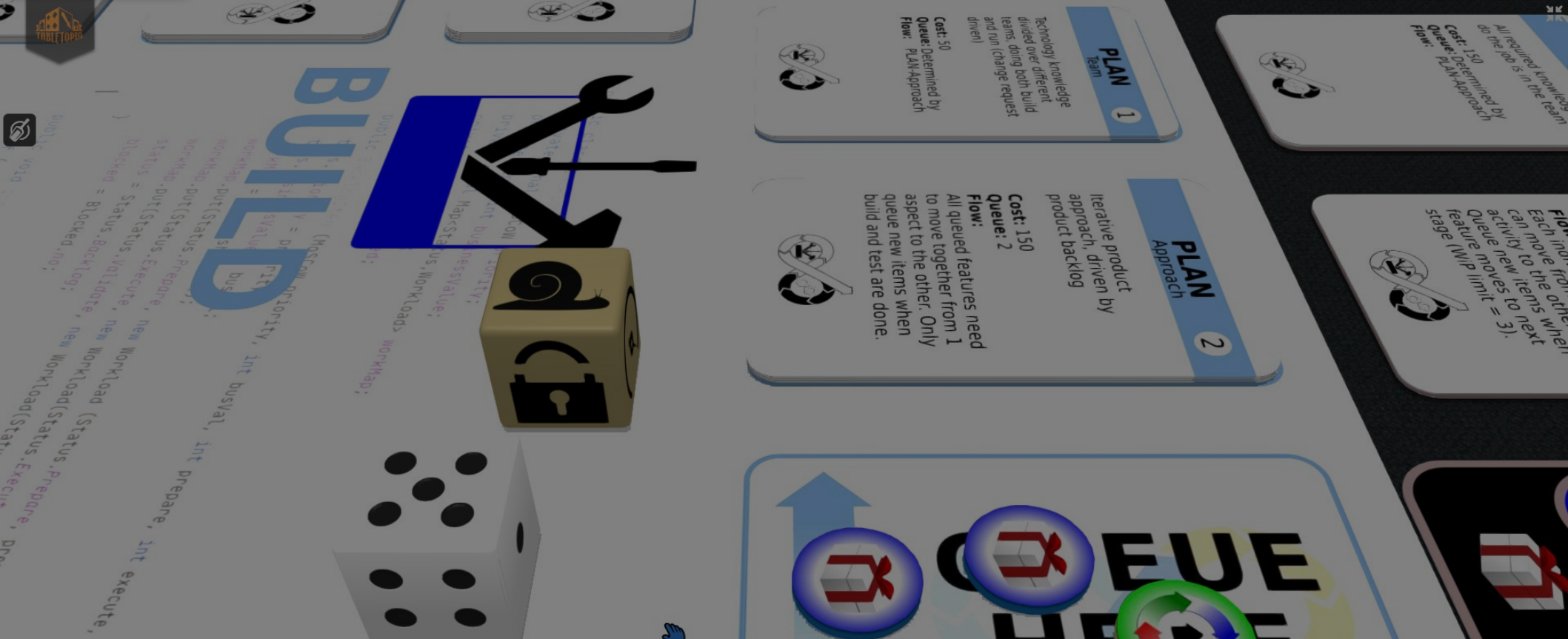
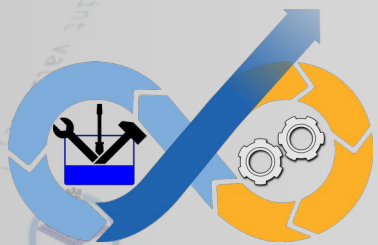


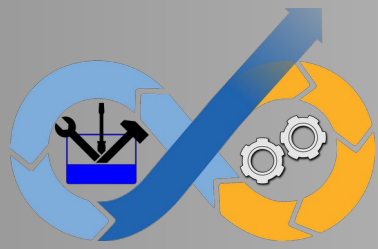
# BUILD – RUN IMPROVE – REPEAT

A game about implementing and improving  
your DevOps cycle

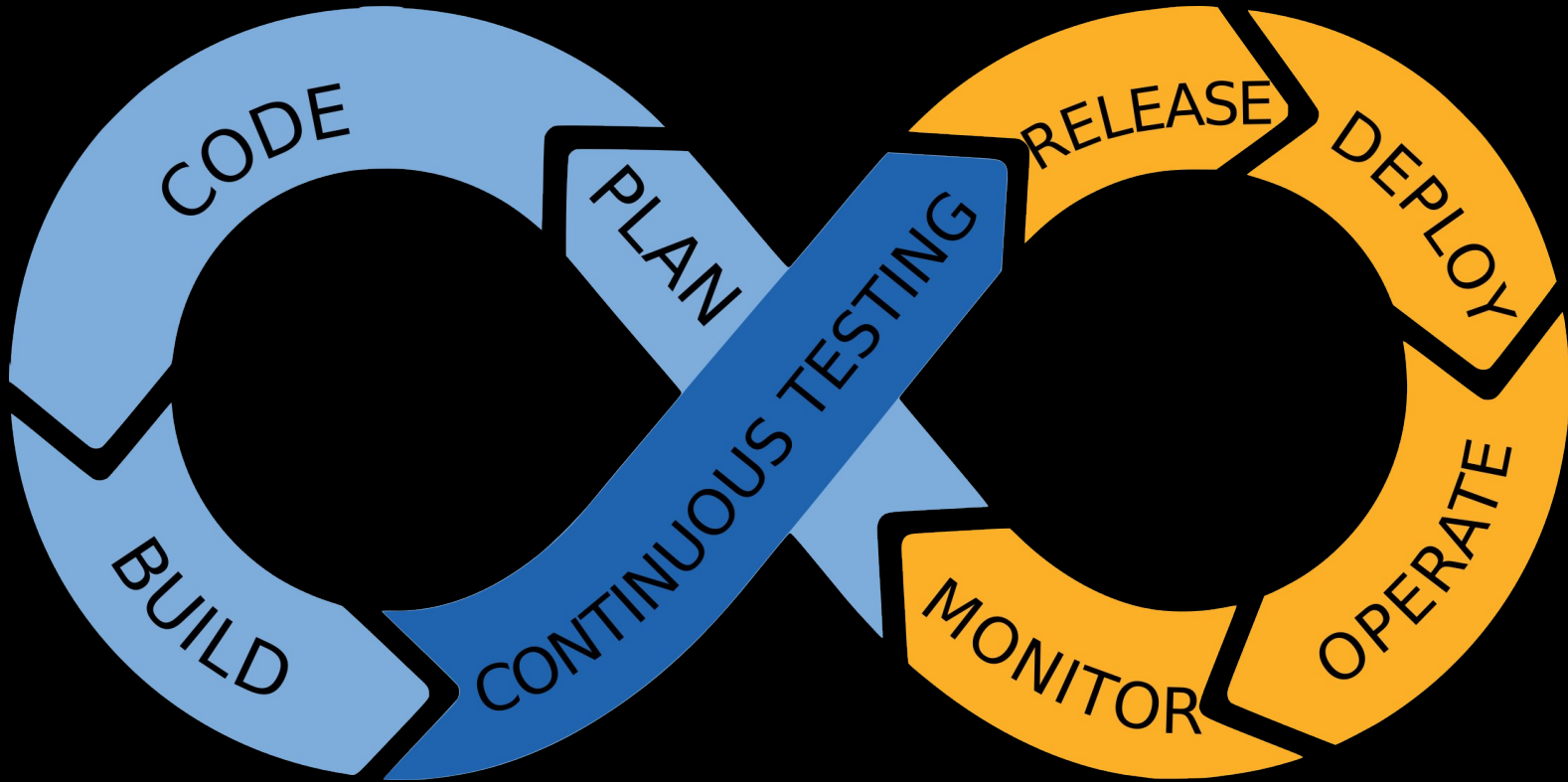


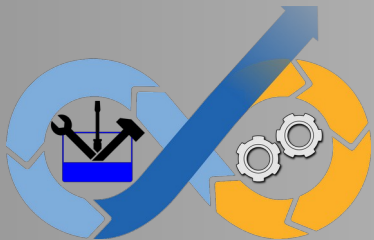
# Goal of this game





# Understand the DevOps cycle



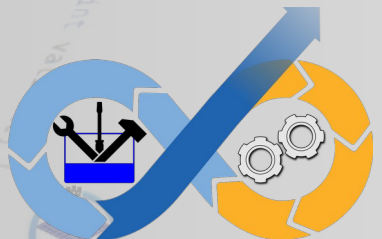
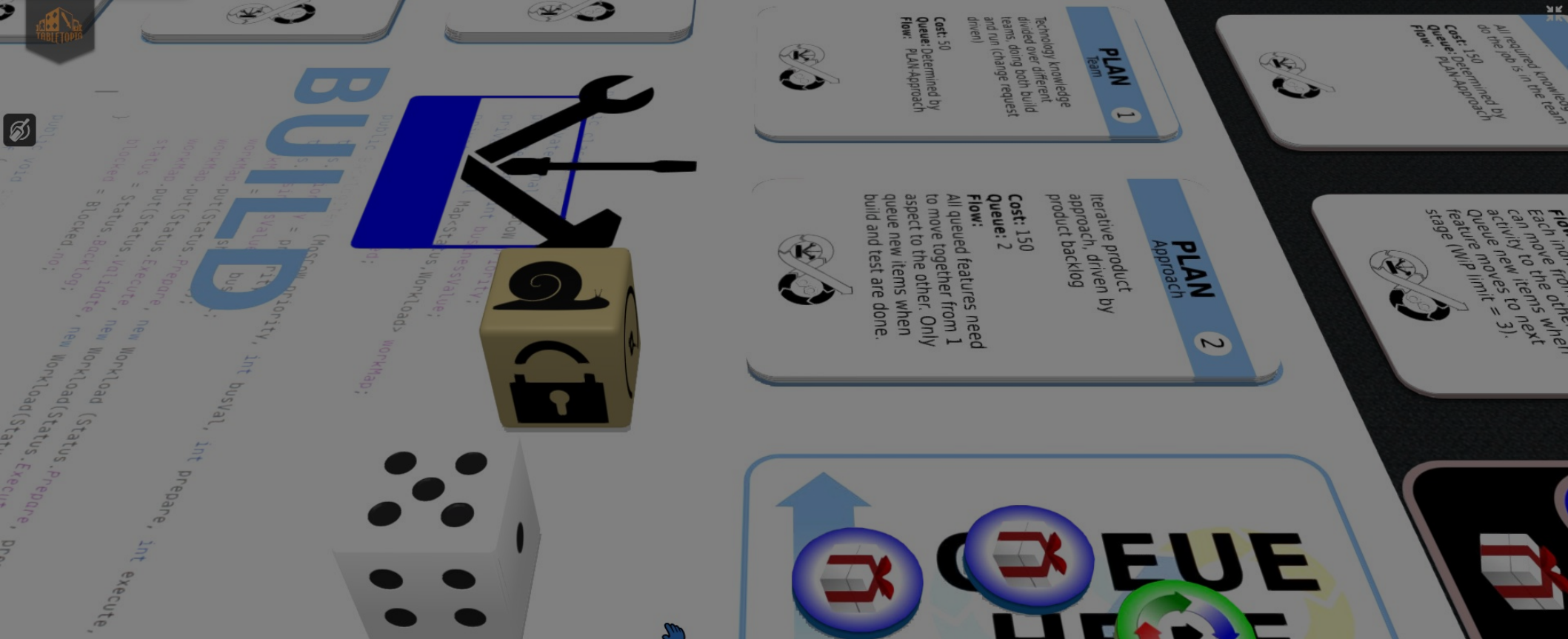


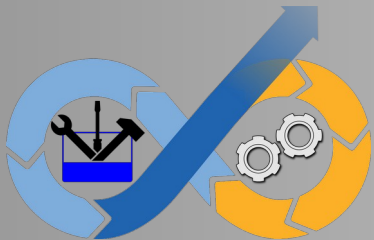
# Invest wisely



- Improve your way of working
- The right investments first
- Keep money to cover losses
- **Don't go bankrupt!**

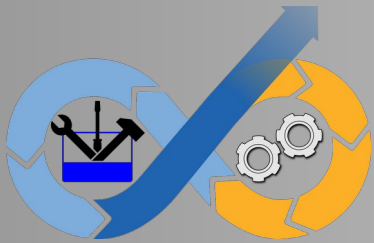
# Elements of the game





# The board





# The cards

## PLAN Approach

0

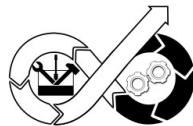
Project approach with big specification up-front (“waterfall”)

**Cost:** 0

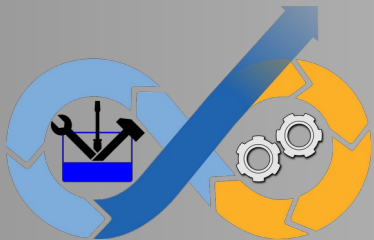
**Queue:** 4

**Flow:**

All queued features need to move together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue new items when the project is delivered.



- Different activities/ aspects per stage
- 3 performance levels to invest
- Level 0 = starting point



# The cards

## PLAN

Approach

0

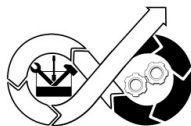
Project approach with big specification up-front (“waterfall”)

**Cost:** 0

**Queue:** 4

**Flow:**

All queued features need to move together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue new items when the project is delivered.



## PLAN

Approach

0

**Incident / impact:**



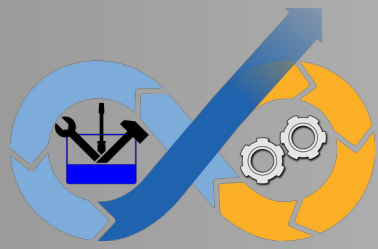
**Incident cost:** 30

**Cause:**

Medium high cost: a project team tends to focus more on delivering project scope than on code quality and run stability

**INCIDENT**

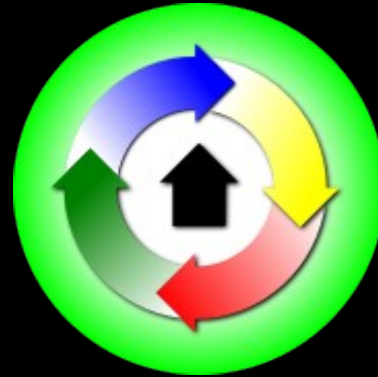




# The tokens



Feature



Improvement



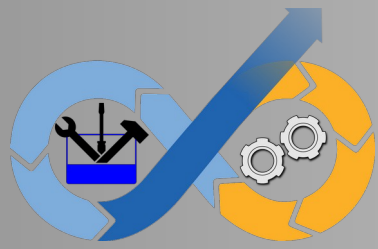
Technical debt



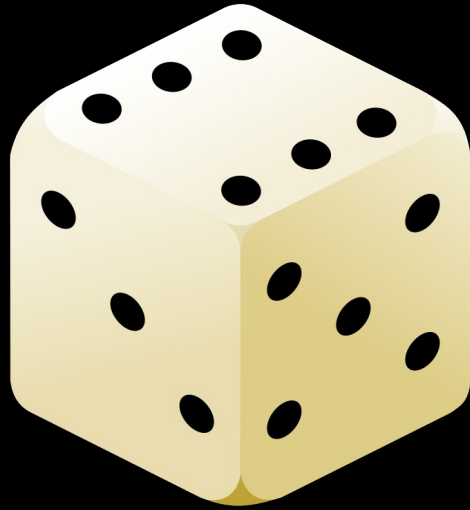
Know vulnerability



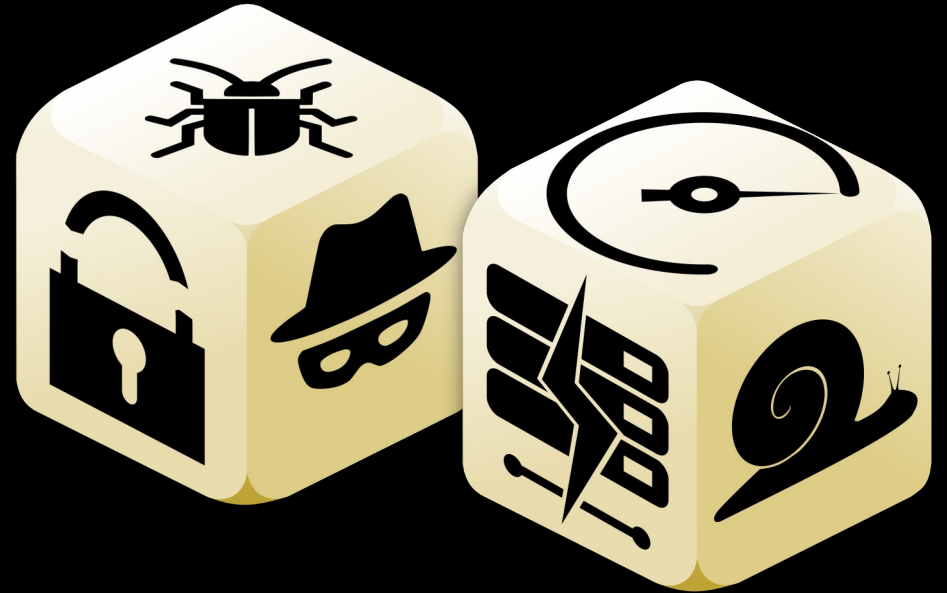
Incident



# The dice

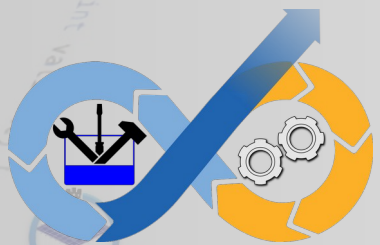


Progress of work



Incidents that occur

# Playing the game



**PLAN 2**  
Approach

Iterative product approach, driven by product backlog

**Cost:** 150  
**Queue:** 2

**Flow:**  
All queued features need to move together from 1 to the other. Only queue new items when build and test are done.

**PLAN 1**  
Team

Technology knowledge divided over different teams, doing both build and run (change request driven)

**Cost:** 50  
**Queue:** Determined by Plan-Approach  
**Flow:** Plan-Approach

**Flow:** Invariant for the whole team. Each time a team is next, it can only move to the next active new item (e.g., Queue moves to = 3). feature (WIP limit = stage / WIP limit)

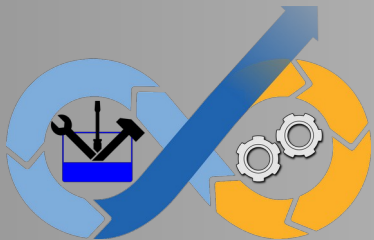
All required knowledge is on one job in the team

**Cost:** 150  
**Queue:** Determined by Plan-Approach  
**Flow:** Plan-Approach

**BUILD**

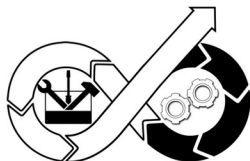
Code snippets: `Workload.put(Status.Prepare, ...);`, `Workload.put(Status.Execute, ...);`, `Workload.put(Status.Validate, ...);`, `Workload.put(Status.Backlog, ...);`



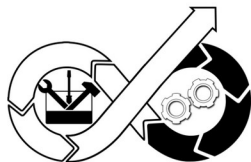


# Divide ownerships

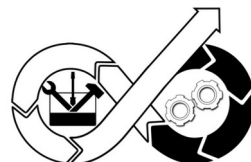
**PLAN**



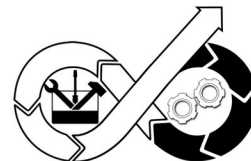
**CODE**



**BUILD**



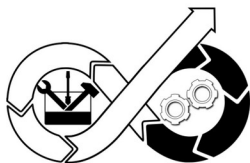
**TEST**



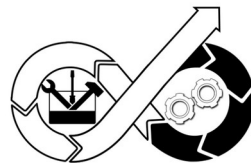
Typical Dev stages

Typical Ops stages

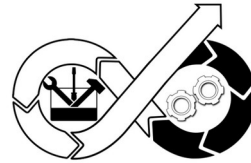
**RELEASE**



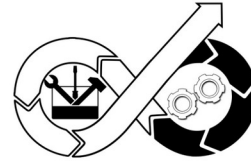
**DEPLOY**

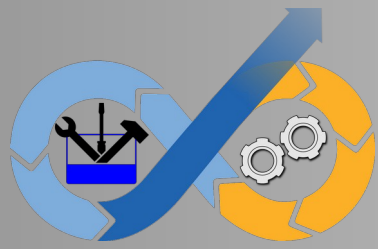


**OPERATE**



**MONITOR**





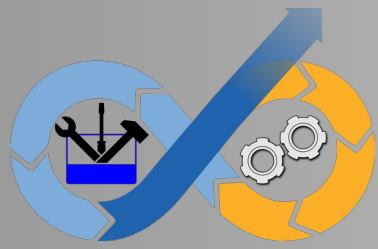
# What is your decision strategy?

## Separate responsibilities

- Everyone decides for their own domain(s)
- Everyone invests in their own domain(s)
- Everyone pays for their own losses

## Shared responsibility

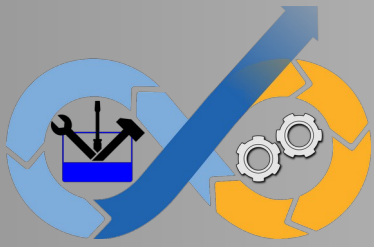
- Shared decision about all domains
- Global budget
  - For investments
  - For losses



# Financial impact of decision strategy



- Shared responsibility: 1000 credits for all
- Separate responsibilities: credits divided, according to:
  - DevOps stages
  - Activities



# Zero-state

## PLAN Approach

0

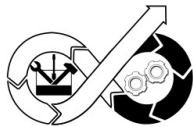
Project approach with big specification up-front (“waterfall”)

**Cost:** 0

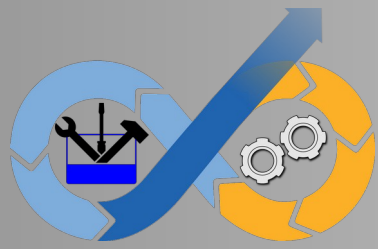
**Queue:** 4

**Flow:**

All queued features need to move together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue new items when the project is delivered.



- All activities start with performance level 0
  - = basic or no activity
- Can potentially cause big damage
- Try to improve before starting



# Variation Performance level

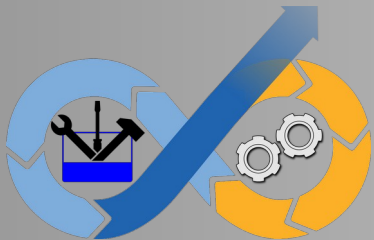
## Start from 0

- To get to know the simulation
- Experience everything that can go wrong
- For heterogeneous groups (meetups, conferences, ...)

## Your organization's situation

- Headstart for investments
- Better learning experience for your organization



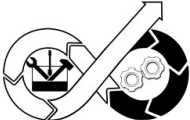


# Invest to improve

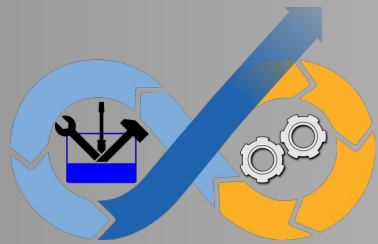
**PLAN** 1  
Approach

Iterative project approach (agile/ "Scrum" principles & techniques)

**Cost:** 100  
**Queue:** 2  
**Flow:**  
All queued features need to move together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue new items when the project is delivered.



- Improvements come with a cost
- Spend your budget wisely!
  - Not all at once
  - The right priorities
- ***What are your initial investments?***



# Flow and queue

## PLAN Approach

0

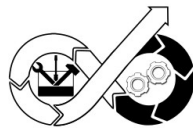
Project approach with big specification up-front (“waterfall”)

**Cost:** 0

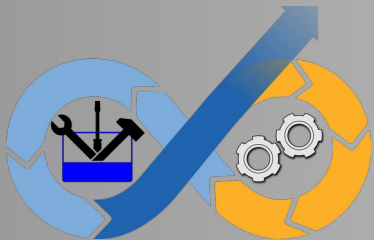
**Queue:** 4

**Flow:**

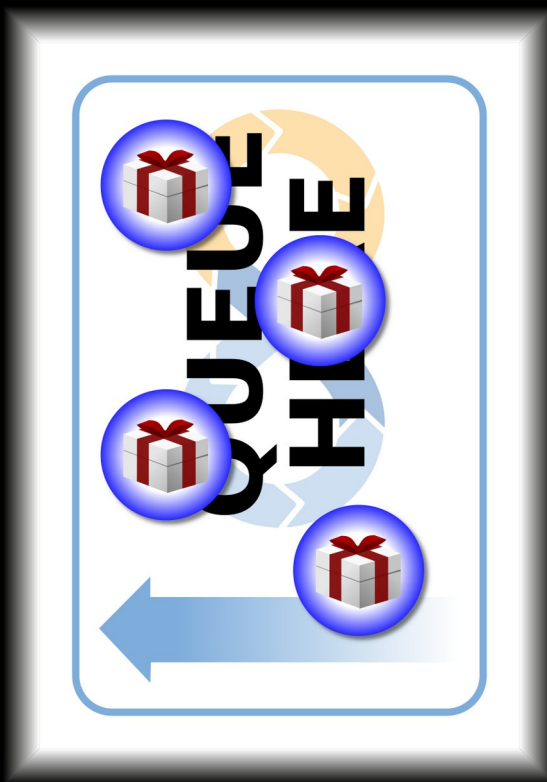
All queued features need to move together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue new items when the project is delivered.



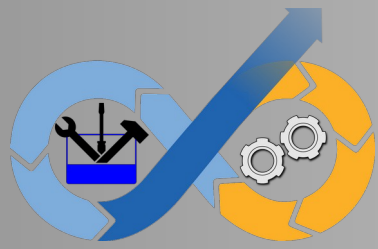
- Queue size:
  - At least how many features need to be at this activity before you can move on to the next?
- Flow:
  - How can you move the features?
  - When can you bring in new items?



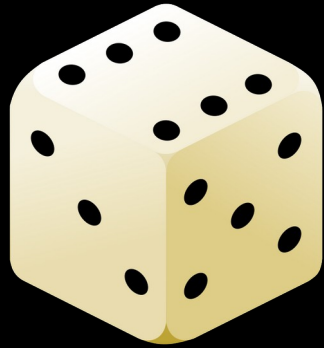
# Start here



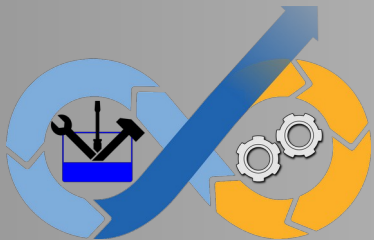
- Queue your feature tokens
- Move them to the first activity according to:
  - Queue size
  - Flow



# Implementing features



- Each participant
- Roles the regular die
- Moves feature tokens according to:
  - Value of die
  - Queue size
  - Flow




# Implementing features

## 4 features queued

**PLAN** 0  
Visualization

Nothing


**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



**PLAN** 0  
Team

Separate build and maintenance team


**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach




**PLAN** 0  
Approach

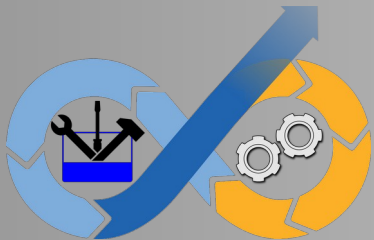
Project approach with big specification up-front ("waterfall")

**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** 4  
**Flow:** All queued features need to move together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue new items when the project is delivered.



**QUEUE**  
**HIDE**






# Implementing features roll 6, move 4

**PLAN** 0  
Visualization

Nothing


**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



**PLAN** 0  
Team

Separate build and maintenance team


**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



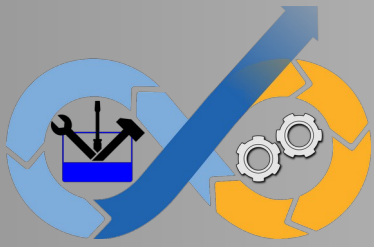
**PLAN** 0  
Approach

Project approach with big specification up-front ("waterfall")

**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** 4  
**Flow:** All of the features need to be implemented together from 1 active item to the other. Only queue up items when the project is delivered.



**QUEUE HERE**




# Implementing features roll 6, move 2 more

**PLAN** 0  
Visualization

Nothing



**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



**PLAN** 0

Separate and maintenance team


**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



**PLAN** 0  
Approach

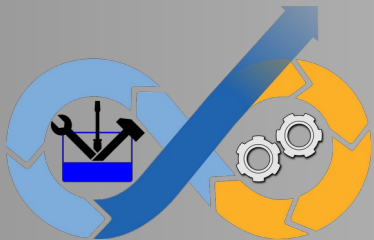
Project approach with big specification up-front ("waterfall")

**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** 4  
**Flow:** All queued features need to move together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue new items when the project is delivered



**QUEUE  
HERE**




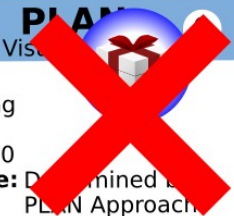


# Implementing features what you can't do

**PLAN**  
Vis

Nothing




**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



**PLAN** 0  
Team

Separate build and maintenance team


**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



**PLAN** 0  
Approach

Project approach with big specification up-front ("waterfall")

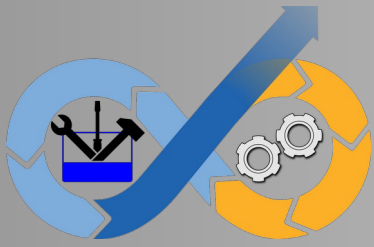
**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** 4  
**Flow:** All features need to be together from 1 active item other. Only queue 4 items when the project is delivered



**QUEUE  
HERE**








# Implementing features

## roll 3

**PLAN** 0  
Visualization

Nothing

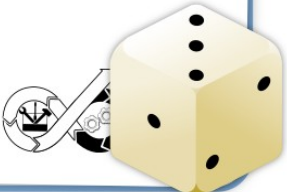
**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach



**PLAN** 0  
Team

Separate build and maintenance team


**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN Approach




**PLAN** 0  
Approach

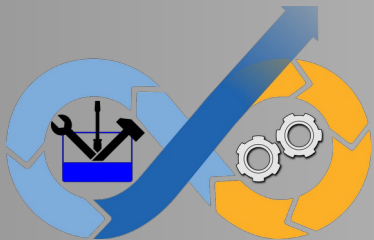
Project approach with big specification up-front ("waterfall")

**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** 4  
**Flow:** All of the features need to be put together from 1 activity to the other. Only queue up items when the project is delivered.



**QUEUE HERE**





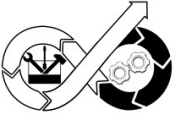
# Fast forward

**CODE** 0  
Quality

Nothing

**Cost:** 0  
**Queue:** 0  
**Flow:**  
Feature can immediately go to the next activity

*NO ACTION*

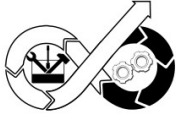


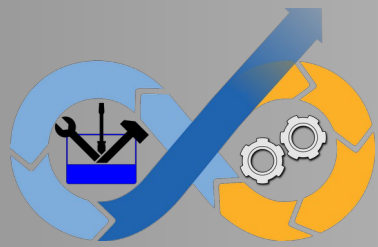
**CODE** 3  
Quality

Automatic code scans

**Cost:** 200  
**Queue:** 0  
**Flow:**  
Feature can immediately go to the next activity

*AUTOMATED*






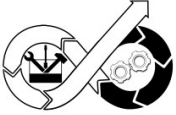
# Cutting corners

**CODE** 1  
Quality

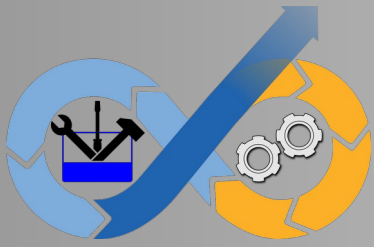
Coding guidelines

**Cost:** 100  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN-Approach

Skip: 



- Speed up delivery
- Bypass quality gates
- Create technical debt



# Create technical debt

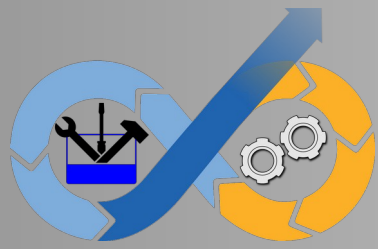
**CODE** 1  
Quality

Coding guidelines

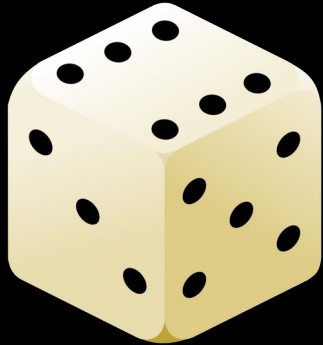
**Cost:** 100  
**Queue:** Determined by  
**Flow:** PLAN-Approach

Skip:

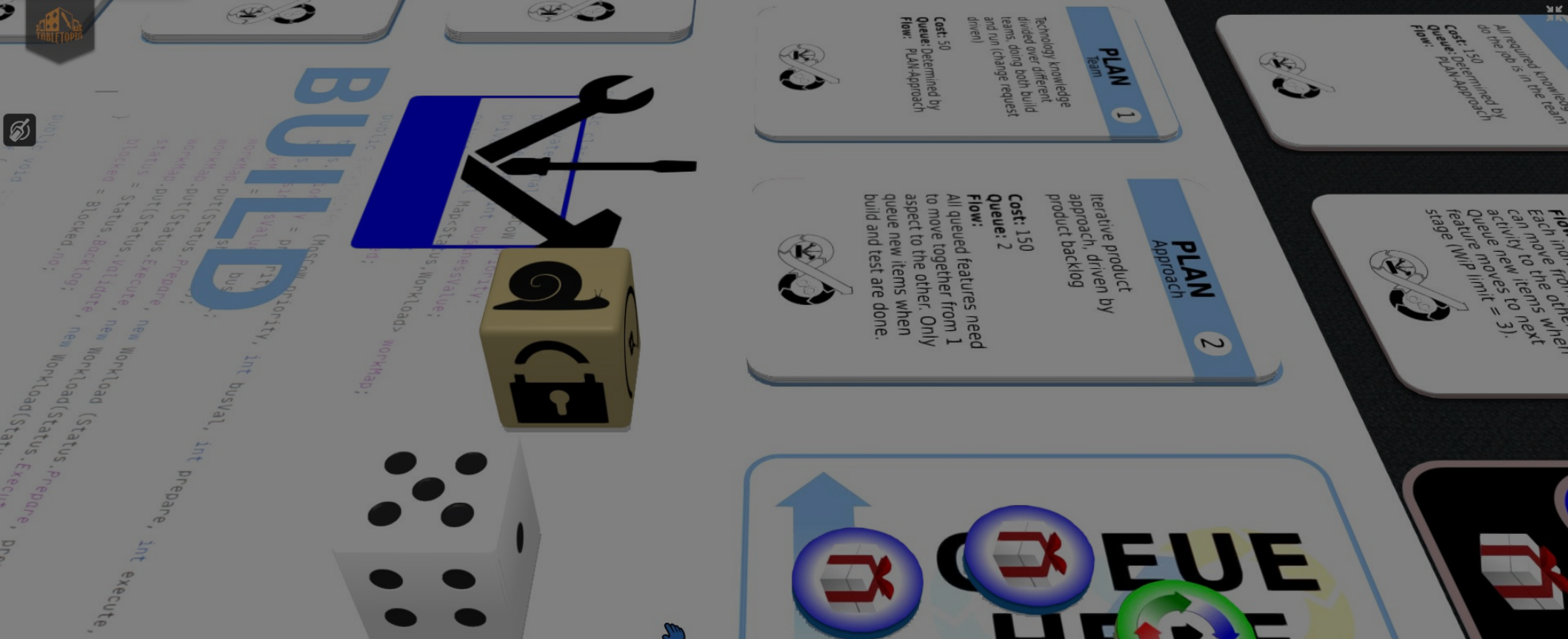




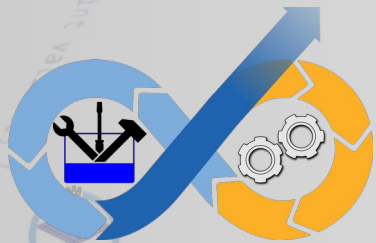
# After each round

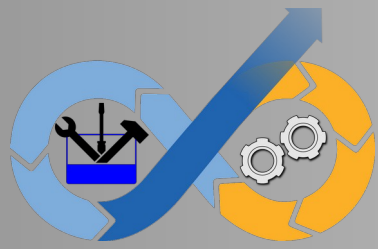


- Role both dice
  - You've got an even number?
  - You are impacted by the incident on the other die
- The even value = severity
  - 2 = low priority → 10% of incident cost
  - 4 = medium priority → 50% of incident cost
  - 6 = high priority → 100% of incident cost



# What can possibly go wrong?





# What can possibly go wrong?



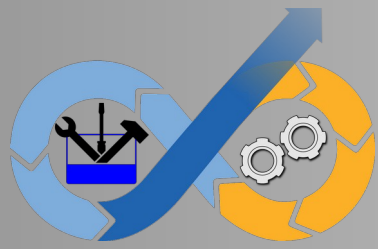
Reported  
vulnerability  
Fix ASAP



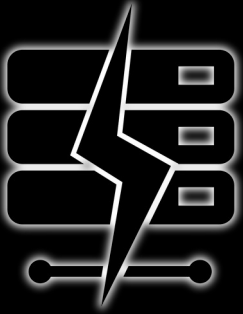
Bug  
Fix ASAP  
Count losses



Security breach  
Fix ASAP  
Count losses



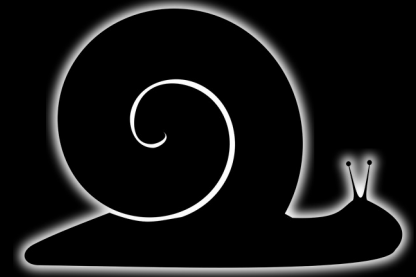
# What can possibly go wrong?



System outage

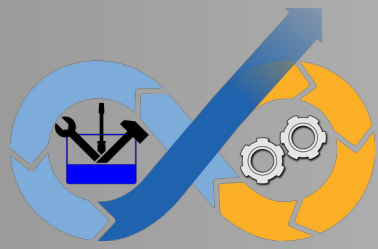


Unexpected  
load

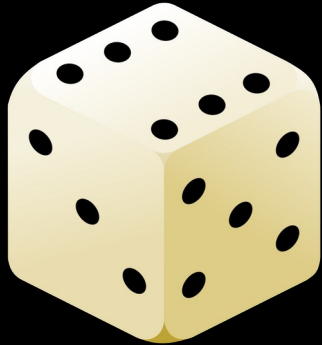


Performance  
issue

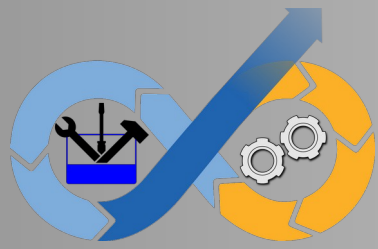




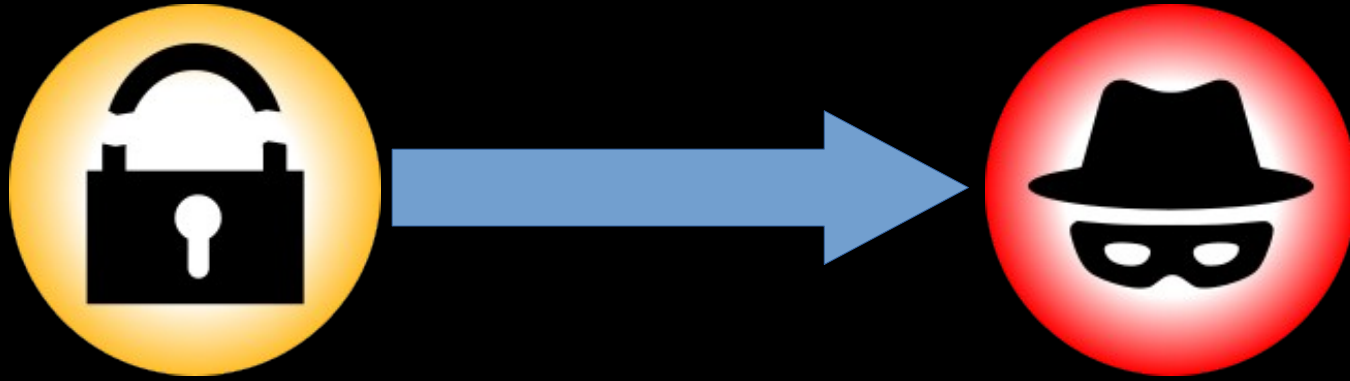
# Solve the security vulnerability



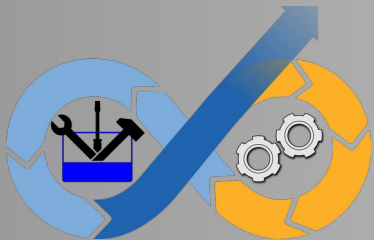
- Take CVE token
- Skip Plan stage
- Use regular die to move fix through all stages
  - Ignore queue size
- No financial impact



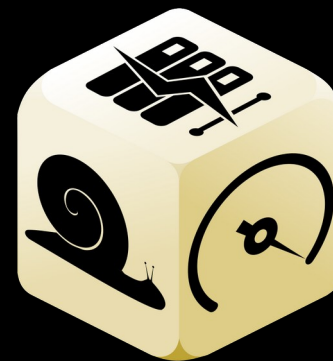
# Unsolved security vulnerability



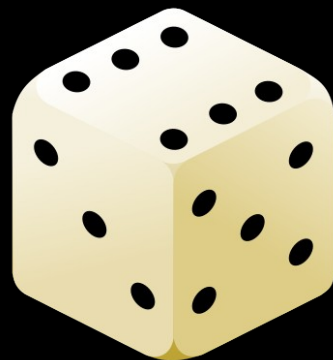
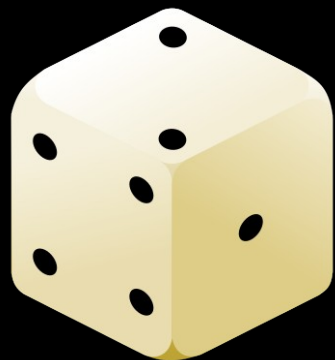
- If not solved before a new vulnerability is thrown, this becomes a security breach!
- → Replace with security breach token
- Count your losses



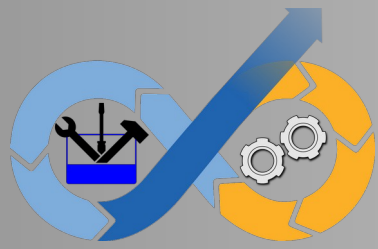
# Dealing with incidents



Incident type




Incident severity



# Flip all cards

## Calculate financial loss

**PLAN** 0  
Approach

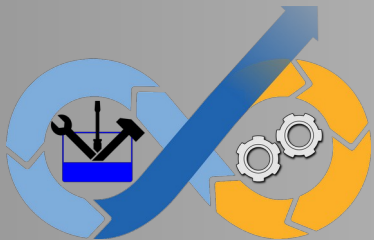
**Incident / impact:**  


**Incident cost:** 30

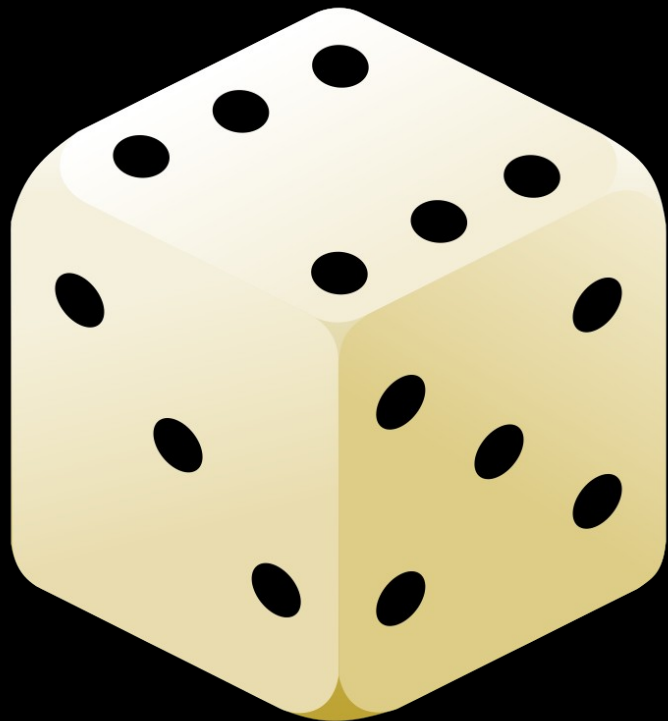
**Cause:**  
Medium high cost: a project team tends to focus more on delivering project scope than on code quality and run stability

**INCIDENT**

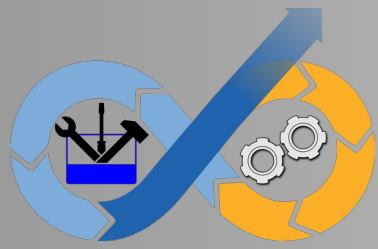
- Check the impact for each activity
- Sum the incident costs
- Apply severity multiplier
- Alternatively:
  - Only sum costs for activities you're responsible for



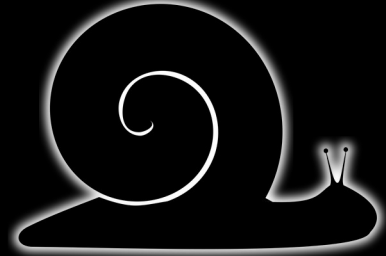
# Severity multiplier



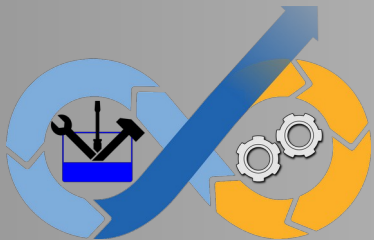
- 2 = low priority  
10% of incident cost
- 4 = medium priority  
50% of incident cost
- 6 = high priority  
100% of incident cost



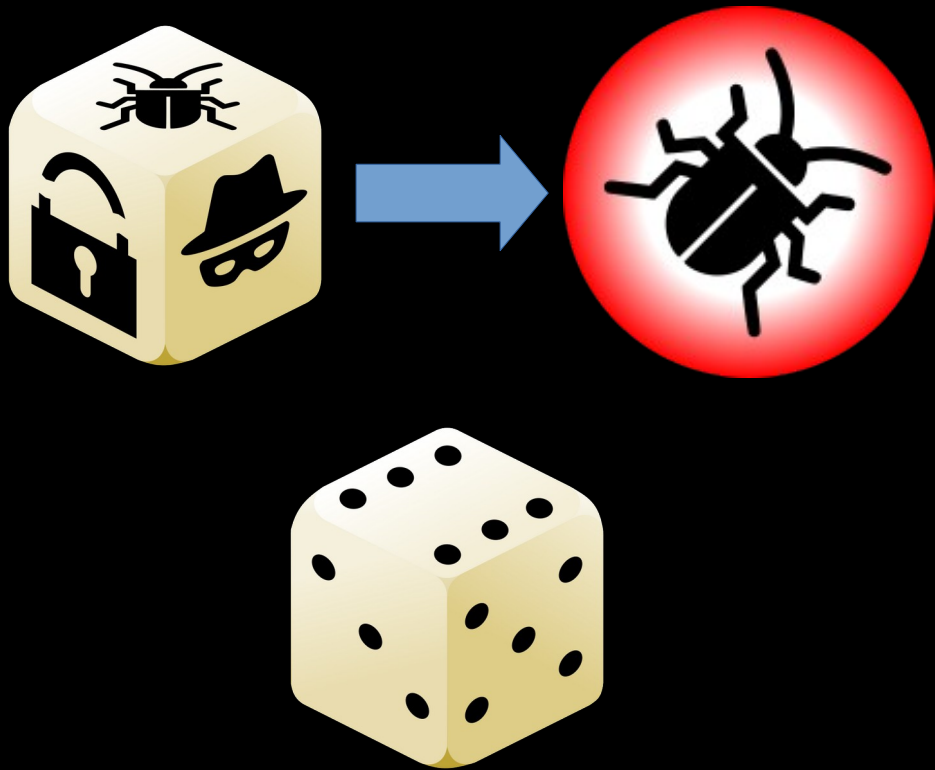
# Why extra cost?



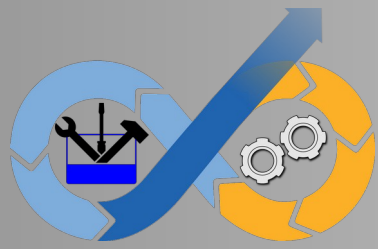
- These incidents cause financial losses
- The lower your performance level, the higher the cost
  - Late detection & slow fixing = longer exposure



# Fix the incident



- Take corresponding red token
- Incidents skip Plan stage
- Use normal die to move fix through all stages
  - Ignore queue size



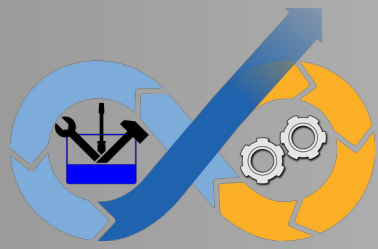
# Accept incident risk



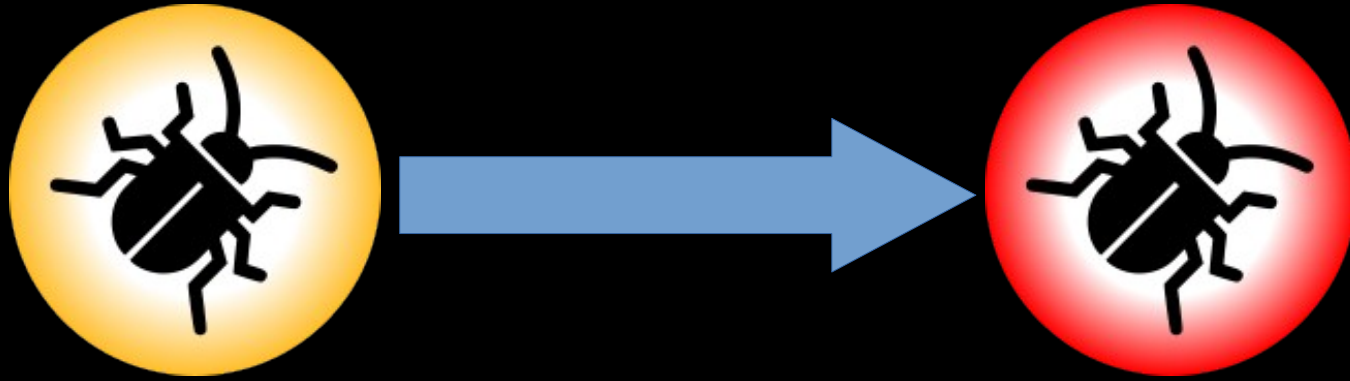
- Low prio or cost incident: pay loss
- Put token on board
- Don't fix → accept risk

**If the incident is not fixed when you roll the same incident type, you pay twice and need to solve 2 incidents!**

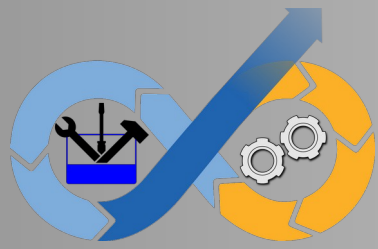




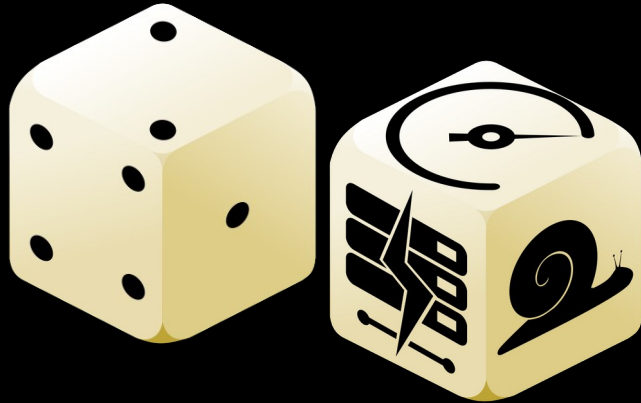
# Technical debt becomes incident



- Technical debt not solved when incident of same type occurs
- Technical debt becomes incident
- + add extra incident
- Double financial loss

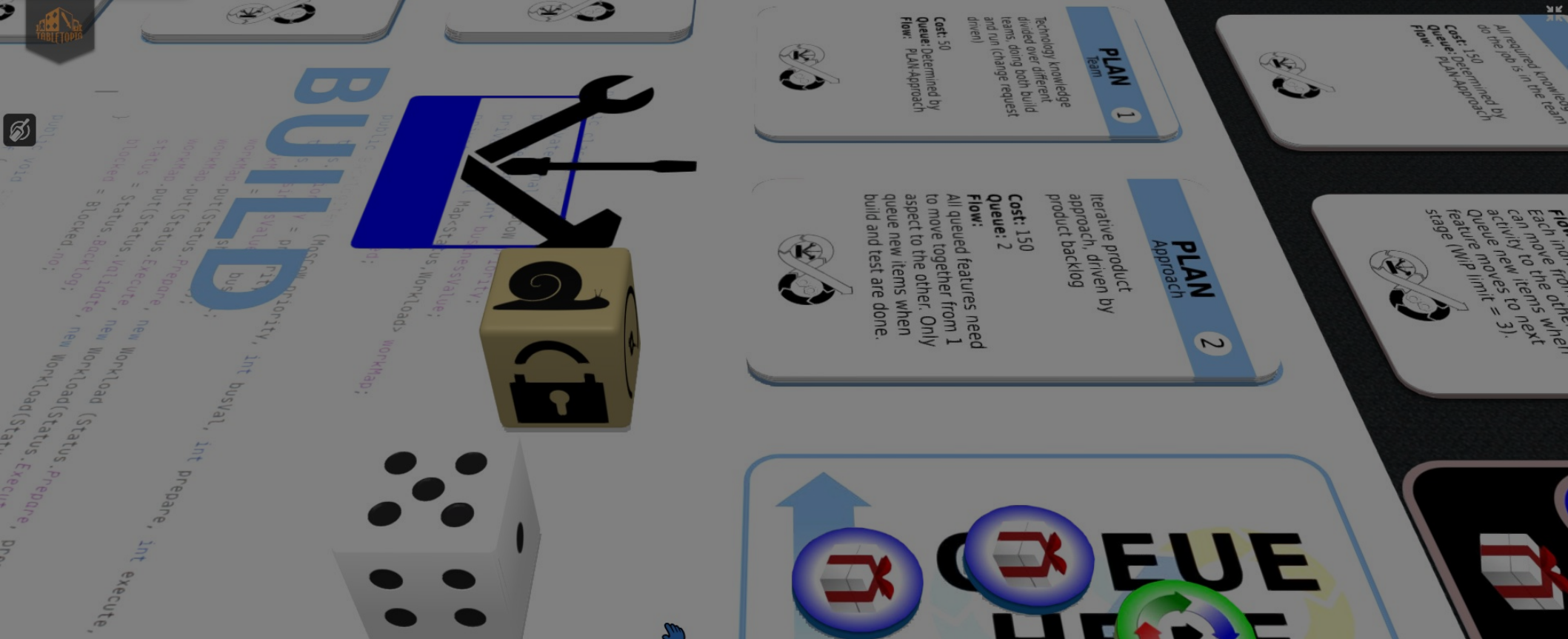
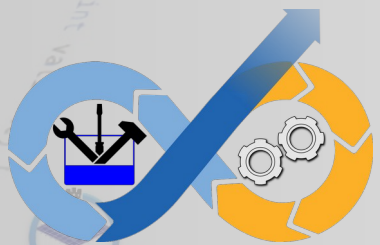


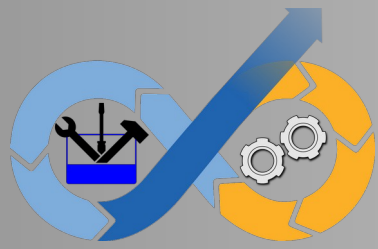
# Failed change?



- New change in production = risk of failure
- When entire batch is delivered:  
Roll dice to see if an incident occurred after activation

# Create revenue

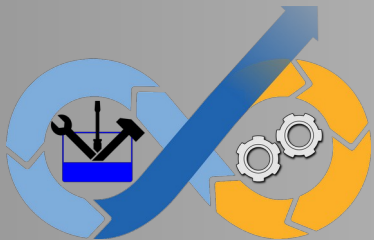




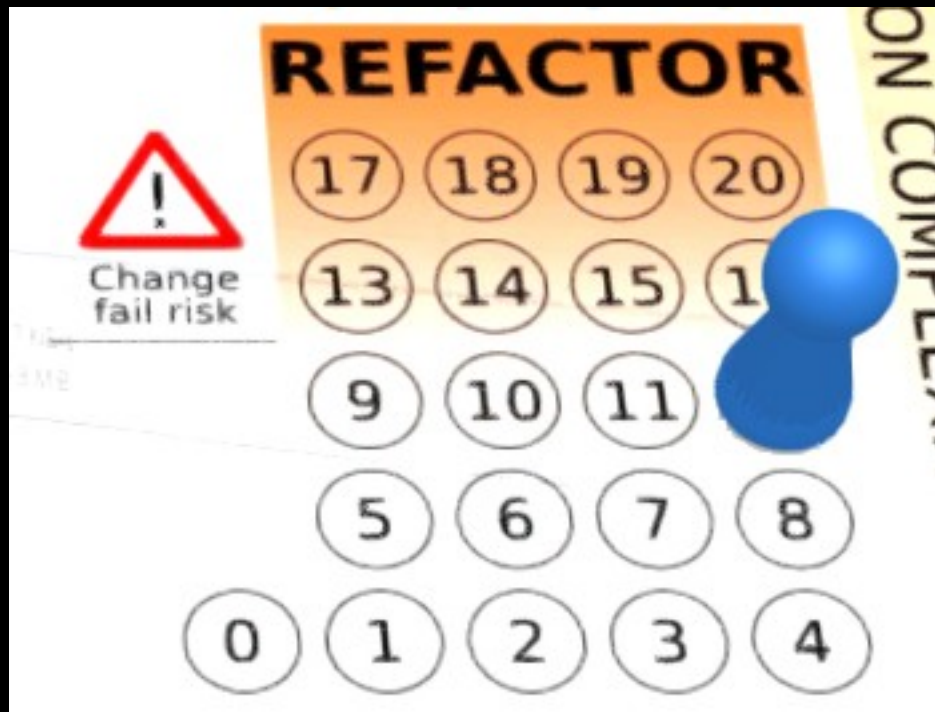
# Create revenue



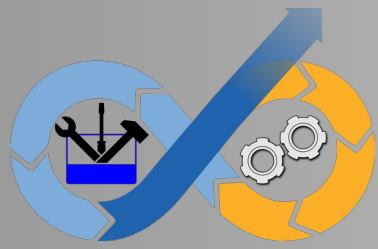
- Move features to this spot
  - According to queue size and flow
  - Earn money: 100 credits/feature
- No money for incidents, improvements, technical debt, CVE's!
- Remove tokens



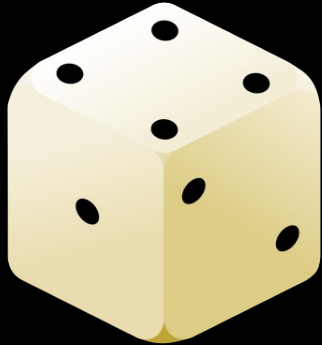
# Track implemented features



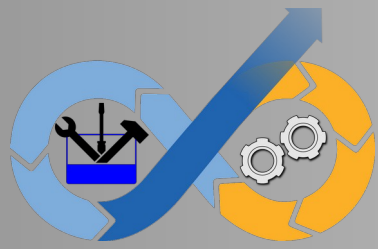
- More features implemented = increased complexity
- As of 13: risk of failing changes, potential incidents  
→ roll dice
- Above 20: refactoring necessary!



# Invest to improve



- Put improvement token on “Queue here”
- Implement by rolling die
- Own cadence, dedicated people?



# When to invest?

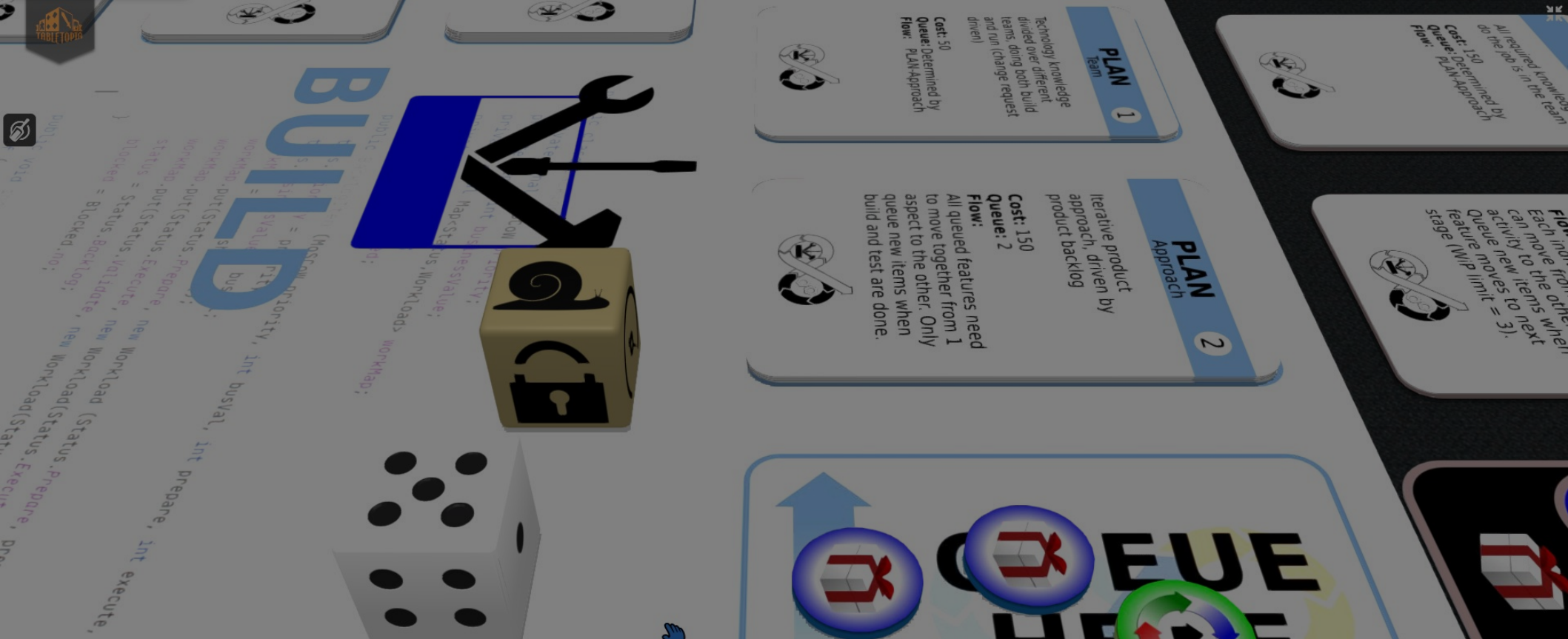
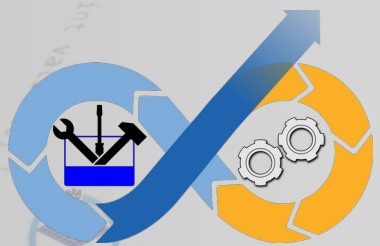
- Typically:
  - At the start of the game
  - After delivering features – when you get revenue
  - When a serious incident occurred
- But in general: whenever you want to and have the means to

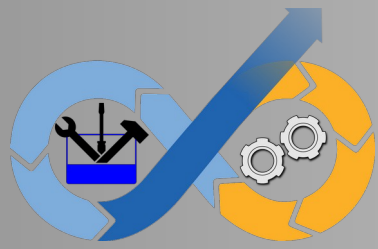






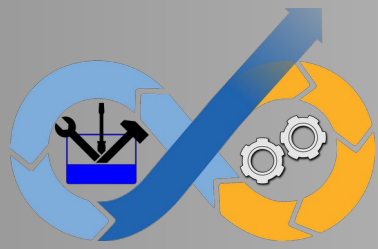
# Debrief





# Learnings

- First focus on the build quality
  - **Don't be tempted to start delivering faster!**
- Slow progress in the beginning
- Will prove good foundation once you improve delivery
- Security issues can have high financial impact
  - Improve these first!



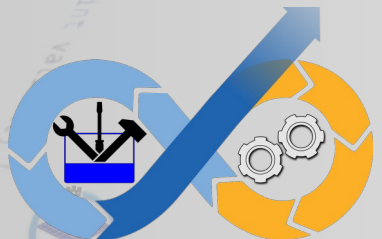
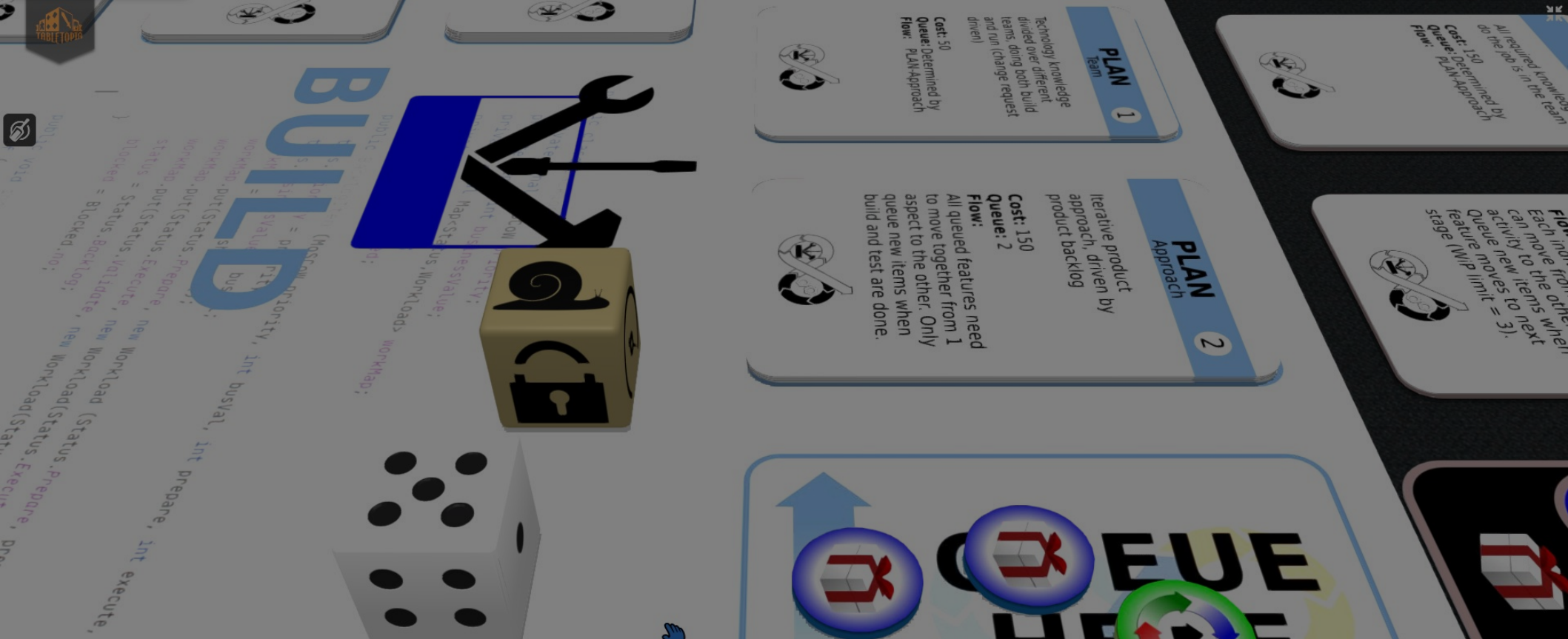
# Learnings

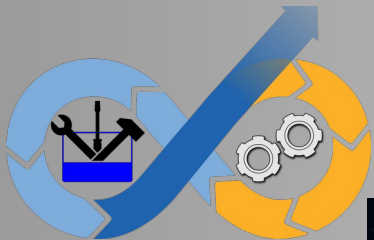
- Evolve to small batches and automation for faster revenue

Smaller batches will get full benefit with shorter deployment intervals

- Don't forget availability, stability and performance of your system!
- Shared responsibilities, budget and decisions are better than split responsibilities

# Get started yourself





# Go to Tabletopia.com



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A game about implementing and improving your DevOps cycle



## Build-Run-Improve-Repeat

DevOps simulation

[New Releases](#) [Free](#)

16+ 3-8 1h - 2h 27h

### Credits

Author  
Koen Vastmans - SimuLearn

Learn about the principles of DevOps, the different activities of all the stages of the of the DevOps cycle and where to invest first to improve your way of working. This is a serious game, meant for leaning purposes.

### Links

[Why this game?](#)

### Rules

[Facilitator's guide](#)

### Setups

3-8 players, Eng - Full version

[PLAY HOTSEAT](#)

[PLAY ONLINE](#)

Announcement video



<https://www.tabletopia.com/games/build-run-improve-repeat>



THANK YOU!



**PLAN 1**  
Team  
Technology knowledge divided over different teams, doing both build and run (change request driven)

**PLAN 2**  
Approach  
Iterative product approach, driven by product backlog

All required knowledge on the job is in the team  
Cost: 150  
Queue: Pull-Approach  
Flow: Pull-Approach

Flow: Push-Approach  
Each in turn, when they can no longer work on their next activity to do (3). Queue moves limit = stage + WIP limit by