

STONEMAIER GAMES PRESENTS

BETWEEN TWO CITIES

designed by Ben Rosset & Matthew O'Malley

art by Beth Sobel

3-7 players (with 1 & 2 player variants) · 25 minutes · Ages 8+

The early 1800s is a time of immense construction and urbanization. You are a world-renowned master planner who has been asked by two different cities to help them rebuild their city centers. Projects of such significance require the expertise of more than one person, so for each assignment you are paired with another master planner to execute your grandiose plans. Will your planning and collaborative skills be enough to design the most impressive cities in the world?

OVERVIEW

Between Two Cities is a tile-drafting game in which each tile is part of a city. You work with the player on your left to build one city center while simultaneously working with the player on your right to build a second city center. On each turn you select two tiles from your hand, reveal them, then work with your partners to place one of your selected tiles into each of your two cities.

GOAL

At the end of the game, each city is scored for its architectural grandiosity. Your final score is the **lower** of the scores of the two cities you helped design, and the player with the highest final score wins the game. To win, you have to share your attention and your devotion equally Between Two Cities.

108 BUILDING TILES



24 DUPLEX TILES



14 CITY TOKENS



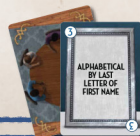
1 SCOREBOARD



1 RULEBOOK



7 REFERENCE CARDS



15 SEATING RANDOMIZER CARDS



SETUP

1. Shuffle the seating randomizer cards and draw one from the top of the deck. Sit clockwise around the table based on the category on the card. For example, if the card says, "Alphabetical by city of birth," a player who was born in Birmingham would sit to the left of a player who was born in Augusta, and so on around the table.

Note 1: If players prefer a completely random setup, deal one randomizer card to each player and refer to the numbers in the upper left of the cards to determine the seating order. Players then sit clockwise in ascending order (lowest value to highest).

Make sure to sit with equal space between players, as each city will be built between two side-by-side players.

Place the scoreboard in the middle of the table. Place one **city token** between each pair of players (where the cities will be) and matching city tokens next to the scoreboard. Place one **reference card** in front of each player.

2. Shuffle the **duplex tiles** (rectangular) and place them in face-down stacks next to the scoreboard.
3. Place the box in the middle of the table with all of the face-down **building tiles** (square) inside, and shuffle the tiles inside the box.

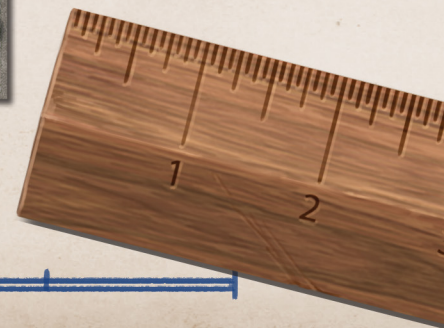
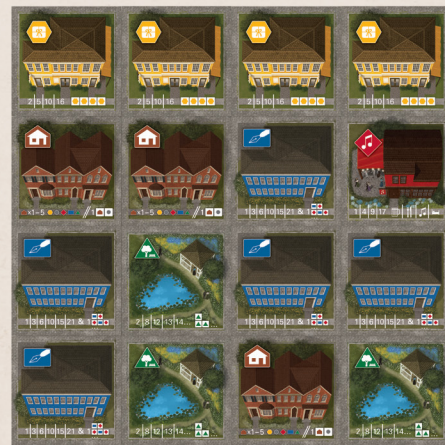


GAMEPLAY: OVERVIEW

The game is played in three rounds. At the start of each round, you draw a random hand of tiles. On each turn, you secretly choose two tiles to place face-down in front of you. If you have more than one tile remaining in your hand, pass your hand to the next player. Then all players flip their selected tiles simultaneously and place one of them in each of their cities.

The tiles you select and their positioning determines how many points you score at the end of the game. See Scoring (page 4) for a detailed description of how each tile type is scored.

At the end of the game, each of your cities **must form a 4x4 square** of 16 building spaces—12 building tiles and two duplex tiles. You may never play a tile in any position that would cause the end result not to be a 4x4 square.



$\frac{1}{8}$ scale

GAMEPLAY: DETAILS

All players conduct the steps below simultaneously.

Round One

Draw seven building tiles from the box to form your hand. Then take the following steps in order:

CHOOSE: Secretly choose two of the tiles from your hand to play. Put the remaining tiles face-down on the table above the city to your **left** and place the city's token on those tiles. This signals to the other players that you have finished choosing your tiles. When you have finalized your choice, you may not change it, nor may you look at the hand you passed.

REVEAL: Once every city token has a stack of tiles under it, all players simultaneously reveal their chosen tiles by placing them face-up on the table in front of them.

PLACE: You may now openly discuss strategy with your partners to determine the best location for your chosen tiles. You must place one of your chosen tiles into the city to your left and the other into the city to your right, but you can decide which tile goes into which city after discussion with your partners. All tiles must be oriented in the same direction so that you and your partner can read the scoring key on each tile, and all tiles must be placed adjacent to at least one other tile in that city (they must share an edge).

NOTE 1: You must place all tiles so that your final city is a 4x4 square. After placing, tiles in the cities are set in place and cannot move.

NOTE 2: Very rarely it may happen that a player does not want to place tiles until another player places first (in the spirit of partnership, we discourage this, but it can happen). If this happens, the player with the lower value in the seating randomization places first.

REPEAT: If there is more than one tile under the city token to your **right**, pick up those tiles and **choose, reveal, and place** again. When there is only one tile remaining under the city token, discard it face-down to the center of the scoreboard (don't place it back in the box with the other tiles) and begin round two.

At the end of round one, each city will consist of six tiles.



Bigger than 4x4
Sideways



Place new tiles adjacent to existing tiles



Round Two

Draw three duplex tiles to form your hand. Secretly **choose** two tiles for placement in your cities, then place the third above the city to your left under the city token to signal that you have made your decision. Now **reveal and place** two tiles, one tile into each of your cities. Just like in round one, when **placing** your tiles you may openly discuss strategy with your partners to determine the best city and location for your chosen tiles. A total of two duplex tiles will be added to each city in this round, because each player adds one duplex tile to each of their cities.

Treat duplex tiles just like two building tiles stuck to one another—one of the buildings must be placed adjacent to another building tile in the city, and they must be placed in such a way that the final city can be a 4x4 square. Duplex tiles also must be placed so their orientation matches the other tiles. (The scoring prompts will face you on the tiles.)

At the end of the round, take the remaining duplex tiles from under each of the city tokens, discard them face-down to the center of the scoreboard, and begin round three.

Round Three

Round three follows the same steps as round one, except that you put your remaining tiles face-down under the city token to your **right** and you pick up your tiles from your **left**. At the end of round three, each city will be a complete 4x4 square.

ENDING THE GAME

After round three is over, clear the scoreboard of discarded tiles and unfold the scoreboard. One player calls out each building type in the order listed on the reference cards (top to bottom). Going around the table, each player announces the score for that building type for the city to their left and advances that city's token on the scoring track. Score one building type in all cities before scoring the next building type.

Your final score is the **lower** of the two scores of your cities, and the player with the **highest** score wins.

First tiebreaker: Tied players compare the scores of their higher-scoring cities.

Second tiebreaker: Winners add and compare the quantity of buildings by type in both of their cities, starting at the top of the player aid and moving down until the tie is broken. First count the number of shops in both of their cities. The player with the most shops wins. If still tied, move on to factories, taverns, offices, parks, and finally houses.

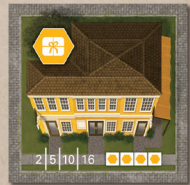
Example: If Ben and Emily are tied after the first tiebreaker, and Ben has a total of five shops in his two cities and Emily has a total of four shops, the tie is broken and Ben wins.

SCORING

// = or & = and ■ ■ = adjacent

Shops (16 buildings + 8 duplex)

a set is worth 2|5|10|16



Shops score when connected in a straight line (row or column): 2 points for one shop tile, 5 points for two connected shop tiles, 10 points for three connected shop tiles in a straight line, or 16 points for four connected shop tiles in a straight line. If lines of shops cross (in an L or T or + shape), each tile can only be counted for one of the sets.

Score each set of shops separately. The example to the right scores 16 points for a row of four shops, plus 2 points for the single shop and 5 points for the column of two shops for a total of 23 points.

Shops do best in a shopping district where customers can find everything they need in one place.



Factories (16 buildings + 8 duplex)

a tile is worth 4, 3, or 2, determined by majority



In the city (or cities, if tied) with the most factory tiles compared to other cities, each factory tile scores 4 points. In the city or cities with the second most factory tiles, each factory tile scores 3 points. In all other cities, each factory tile scores 2 points.

Cities A and B each have five factories (4 points per factory), City C has three factories (3 points per factory), City D has two factories and City E has one factory (each city receives 2 points per factory), and City F has zero factories (0 points).

The most industrialized cities become known for their work and attract even more industrial development.

GAME SCORING EXAMPLE

In the six-player game shown below, Ben's final score is 56, Matthew's is 56, Margaux's is 52, Anna Grace's is 57, Peter's is 52, and Emily's is 62. Emily Wins!



Taverns (20 buildings + 8 duplex; 7 of each)

a set is worth 1|4|9|17



There are four different tavern tiles, each with a different icon inside a red diamond. Taverns score 1 point for one in a city, 4 points for two different taverns, 9 points for three different taverns, or 17 points for all four different taverns in a city (regardless of location or adjacency to each other).

A city can contain duplicate taverns. Each set of taverns is scored separately.

If a city has one music, two drink, and two food taverns, that city scores 13 points for taverns: 9 points for the first set of music, drink, and food taverns, and 4 points for the second set of drink and food taverns.

Residents visit a variety of taverns; some have the best food, some the best drink, some the best music, and some the best beds.

Offices (20 buildings + 8 duplex)

a set is worth 1|3|6|10|15|21, and a tile is worth +1 if next to at least 1 tavern



Offices score 1 point for one office tile, 3 points for two office tiles, 6 points for three, 10 points for four, 15 points for five, or 21 points for six office tiles (regardless of location or adjacency to each other).

If a city has 7 office tiles, it scores 22 points for offices (21 + 1).

In addition, each office gets +1 point if it is adjacent to at least one tavern. Each office tile can only score 1 bonus point, but several offices can receive that point from the same adjacent tavern tile.

Professional services (attorneys, accountants, doctors, etc) create a demand for more professional services. Locations next to taverns are especially desirable.

If a city has seven office tiles, the seventh starts a new set of offices, and the scoring starts over again at 1 for that set.

A single office adjacent to a tavern is worth 2 points (1 + 1). A single office adjacent to four taverns is still worth 2 points.

Parks (16 buildings + 8 duplex)

a group of one or more connected parks is worth 2|8|12|13|14...



Parks score in groups of one or more connected parks. A single unconnected park is worth 2 points. Two connected parks are worth 8. Three connected parks are worth 12. Every additional connected park after the third increases the score by 1.

To be in a connected group, a park must share a border with another park. The group does not have to form a straight line.

In a city with four separate park tiles, the parks score 8 points total (2 each). Three adjacent parks and one separate park score 14 points total. Four adjacent parks score 13 points total. Two separate groups of two parks each score 8 points for a total of 16 points.

Large parks can be enjoyed by more citizens when they are spread throughout the city center.

You may have more than one unconnected park group in your city. Score each park group separately.



Houses (20 buildings + 8 duplex)

a tile is worth 1 per other building type (excluding houses) in the city, but a tile next to a factory is only worth 1



Each house tile is worth 1 point for each other building type (excluding houses) in the city (regardless of location or adjacency). If there is one other building type in the city, each house is worth 1 point. If there are

five other building types in the city, each house is worth 5 points. All taverns count as a single building type.

If a house tile is adjacent to a factory tile, that house tile instead scores 1 point (people don't want to live right next to a factory).

People want to live where they have access to many different services and places to work, but few want to live across the street from a factory.



CITY SCORING EXAMPLES



56 POINTS

16 for shops

0 for factories

1 for taverns

17 for offices
(15 + 2, two have an adjacent tavern)

10 for parks

(8 + 2, two park groups)

12 for houses

(4 each)



52 POINTS

5 for shops

20 for factories
(4 each, most factories)

2 for taverns
(both are the same)

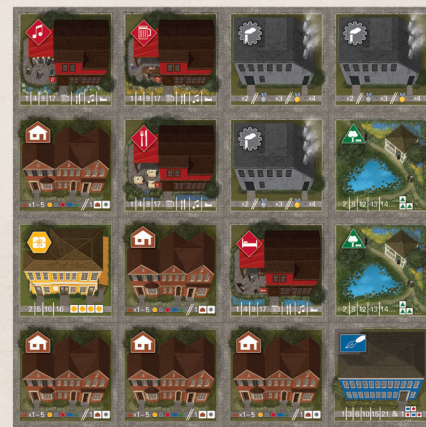
0 for offices

16 for parks

(8 + 8, two park groups)

9 for houses

(8 + 1, 4 each but one is next to a factory)



62 POINTS

2 for shops

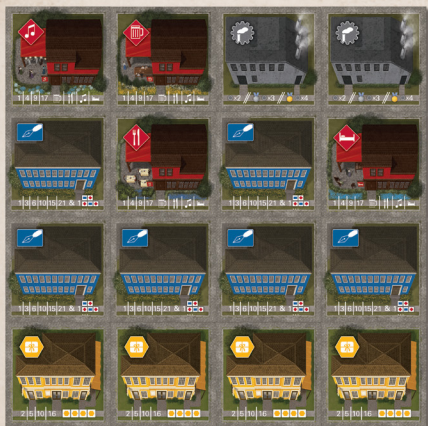
9 for factories
(3 each, second most factories)

17 for taverns

1 for offices

8 for parks
(one park group)

25 for houses
(5 each)



62 POINTS

16 for shops

4 for factories
(2 each)

17 for taverns

25 for offices

(21 + 4, four have an adjacent tavern)

0 for parks

0 for houses



62 POINTS

10 for shops

2 for factories
(2 each)

17 for taverns

5 for offices
(3 + 2, two have an adjacent tavern)

8 for parks

(one park group)

20 for houses
(5 each)



57 POINTS

2 for shops

20 for factories
(4 each, most factories)

1 for taverns

0 for offices

22 for parks
(12 + 8 + 2, 3 park groups)

12 for houses
(4 each)

TWO-PLAYER VARIANT

In a 2-player game, you each design two cities on your own (four cities total): one to your left and one to your right. On each turn you choose two tiles and place one in each of your cities. Each of the rounds from the 3 – 7 player game is played twice as indicated below:

Round 1a—draw 7 building tiles, then choose, reveal and place 2, and pass the remaining tiles to your opponent until only 1 tile remains

Round 1b—same as round 1a

Round 2a—draw 3 duplex tiles, choose and place 2

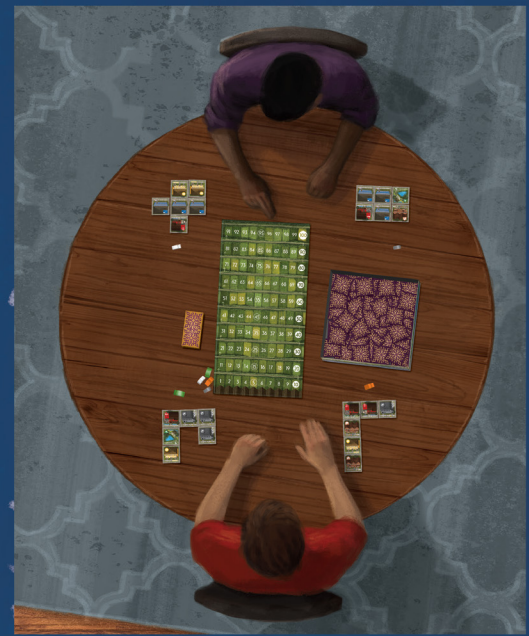
Round 2b—same as round 2a

Round 3a—same as round 1a

Round 3b—same as round 1a

At the end of the game, score each city the same way as in the 3 – 7 player game, but instead of only counting your lowest-scoring city, add together the scores of both of your cities to determine your final score. Ties are broken using the second tie-breaker rule from the 3 – 7 player game.

NOTE: Without the element of partnership, the 2-player variant can be more aggressive than the 3 – 7 player game. You have much more influence on your opponent's choices when passing tiles.



PLAYTESTERS.

Katy Adams, Noah Adelman, Phil Alberg & Family, Seth Auman, Abby Auman, Levi Baer, John Baker, Suzie Baker, Steven Banas, Kevin Barefoot, Rayn Barnhill, Michael Barth, Jennifer Barth, Steve Bass, Jason Beamish, Tara Beamish, Mike Beaumier, Ben Begeal, Aaron Belmer, Marc Bennett, Murray Bennett, Michael Bernhardt, Ameya Bhandarkar, John Blackburn, Istanbul Boardgamer, Brad Boileau, Trey Brakefield, Jarle Brattespe, Will Brennan, James Buster, Jacob Cain, Julie Campbell, Graham Campbell, Erin Carlson, Raymond Chan, Helen Christie, Jasmin Chua, Jonathan Clark, Zane Clifford, Raschelle Coblentz, Adam Coffman, Shayna Conant, Jacob Coon, Steve Corush, Mara Corush, John Coveyou, Gary Dahl, Chris Darden, Dserah Darling, Cal Davidson, Joseph Davis, Jake Davis, Jessie Davis, Neila Davis, Andrew DeGroot, Sean DePass, Alwin Dijkstra, Chris Dolphy, Miles Dormuth, Scot Duvall, Philip Duvall, Keith Dvorkin, David Eddington, Chris Eichharn, Jeff Eisman, Nabeta Family, Nick Ferris, Josh Fields, John Flood, Amanda Foulk, Brian Frahm, Vitali Francesca, Jack Francisco, Charlotte Frei, Andi Frei, Rainer Frickanisce, Danyel Gaddis, Michael Gaddis, Noah Gadea, Brad Genz, Jennifer Glinzak, Jan Grabert, Heather Grabert, Matthew Grosso, Michael Hale, Kurtis Hammel, Ben Harding, Casey Harmon, Mike Hatke, Charles Hayes, Rachel Heilmeier, Cory Heistad, Sean Hennessy, Kevin Hodges, Joshua Hogue, Eric Hogue, Daniel Hogue, Cheryl Hogue, Sarah Hogue, Samantha Hogue, Eric Hogue, Jill Holroyd, Jelaina Holroyd, Peter Homeier, Zachary Homrighaus, Dennis Hoyle, Albert Huebner, JD Huntington, Vincent Incarvite, Gabe Ivan, Chris Jackson, Craig Jakobsen, Marshall Jansen, Edric Jazmin, Chris Johnson, Roslyn M. Jordan, Jessica Kimes, Chad Kimes, Daiaunne king-bey, Barry Klaasen Bos, Lauren Kologe Barefoot, Matias Korman, Lon Lademann, Tim Lang, Elizabeth LaRocca, Guillaume Leclerc, Michael Lee, Richard Lee, Kevin Lessard, William Lessard, Steve Lesser, Doug Levandowski, David Lipman, John Liszka, Lynn Liszka, Jeremy Loscheider, Darrell Louder, Pooja Louis, Melissa Lueking, Lori MacKenzie, Jim MacKenzie, Tyrone Mackey, Ben Maddox, Samir Mahmalat, Matthew Majeika, Cullen Marshall, Chris Matthew, Zintis May-Krumins, Lukas McKinley, Wes McKinley, Reed McKinley, Aaron McKinley, Nolan McLaughlin, David Mehring, Kathleen Mercury, Melissa Merrell, Ryan Metzler, Rob Miller, Scott Minkoff, Adam Mitz, Chris Morse, Inessa Mukha, Andrew Mulbrook, Brandon-Shea Mutala, Tam Myaing, Nathan Nabeta, Cathryn Napora, Daniel Nayeri, Scott Nichols, Nersi Nikakhtar, Ruby O'Malley, Teia O'Malley, Lurana O'Malley, Sean O'Malley, Margaux O'Malley, Anna Grace O'Malley, Peter O'Malley, Pat Odenthal, Dan Oliver, Sarah Oliver, Allen Pick, Andy Pickard, Vasco Pinto, Riccardo Previdi, Gary J. Przybocki, Jonathan Radliff, Annick Ranger, Lori Reeder, Amy Reid, André van Renssen, Previdi Riccardo, Marcel Roeloffzen, Marc Rosset, Todd Roth, Danny Sag, Matthew Sandlin, Nathan Sanfilippo, Nafmi Sanichar - van Herwijnen, Tilly Sanichar - van Herwijnen, Bobby Schafer, Barry Schmaling, Owen Schmaling, Dana Schmaling, Connor Schmaling, Will Schneeberger, Karl Schultz, Abi Scott, Mark Sellmeyer, Matt Sims, John Slater, Brad Smoley, Chris Stavaas, Andrew Stegmaier, Jess Straatmann, David Studley, Allard Swart, Mike Swiryn, Josh Tempkin, Steve Thomas, Alex Tran, Rosemary Upham, Ashley Valenzuela, Vince Vaughan, Jannet Vegter, Erik Vegter, Peter Vegter, Craig Vivian, Anne Walek, Josh Walker, Matt Warhover, Shelby Watts, Beth West, David Whitehead, Jeff Wienstock, Allen Wilgus, Nate Wildermuth, Carey Willis, Phil Wills, Erwin Winkelman, David Witsaman, Chris Wray, Eric Yorkston, Chris Zinski

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QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

ROUND SUMMARY

	ROUND 1	ROUND 2	ROUND 3
SETUP	Draw 7 square building tiles.	Draw 3 rectangular duplex tiles.	Draw 7 square building tiles.
CHOOSE	Secretly choose 2 tiles; pass the rest to the left with the city token on top.	Secretly choose 2 tiles; discard the remaining one to the center.	Secretly choose 2 tiles; pass the rest to the right with the city token on top.
REVEAL/PLACE	Simultaneously reveal your tiles. Place 1 in each city on either side.	Simultaneously reveal your tiles. Place 1 in each city on either side.	Simultaneously reveal your tiles. Place 1 in each city on either side.
DRAW	Take the tiles on your right . If only one tile remains, discard it face-down in the center. Start round 2.	No draw. Start round 3.	Take the tiles on your left . If only one tile remains, discard it face-down in the center. Calculate scores.

PLACEMENT RULES


After the first, all tiles must be placed adjacent to at least 1 other tile

All tiles must be oriented upright



Tiles must fit within a 4x4 grid

Once placed, a tile cannot be moved



SHOPS: 2|5|10|16 points each set of 1|2|3|4  in a line (horizontal or vertical).





FACTORIES: Each  is 4 points in the city/cities with the most , 3 points in the city/cities with the second most, 2 points in all others.




TAVERNS: 1|4|9|17 points for each set of 1|2|3|4 different taverns anywhere in the city.





OFFICES: 1|3|6|10|15|21 points for 1|2|3|4|5|6  anywhere in the city, +1 for each  adjacent to 1 or more .



PARKS: 2|8|12|13|14... for  in a connected group. You may have more than 1 group in your city.









HOUSES: each  is 1 point per *other* tile type in the city, or only 1 if adjacent to a .

**Each tile may only score in one set*

FINAL SCORE

Your final score is the value of your lower scoring city. The winner is the player with the highest score.

Break ties with the value of your higher scoring city first, then by the number of , , , , , .

Replacement parts are available for free upon request at stonemaiergames.com/replacement-parts.

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